Watchman

Bellefonte Republican.

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THAT REPLY RECEIVED!

Spain Makes Answer to Our Terms of Peace.

NOTE NOT MADE PUBLIC YET

It Came in Sections Late Monday afternoon—Much Guessing as to its Contents—Secretary Day Receives a Note Disclosing the Same

UNITED STATES STAND BY ITS GUNS

WASHINGTON, August 9.—The reply of the Spanish government to the peace conditions laid down by the United States was received by the French ambassador, M. Cambon, shortly before 3 o'clock Monday The reply came in sections, the dispatch first received giving only the opening passages of the Spanish reply. A few minutes later another dispatch brought a second section, and these kept coming uninterruptedly by a procession of messengers until seven sections of the Spanish reply had been received at ten minutes of 4, when the last part was still to arrive. In the meantime the cipher experts were at work, and by 4.30 o'clock they were abreast of all that portion of the reply received up to that time, and there was a lull of some time pending the arrival of the concluding portions.

Pending the receipt of the complete reply, no steps were taken to fix a time for a conference with the president, as the time for that depended largely upon some of the features of the reply and also upon the explicit instructions concerning the delivery of the answer which usually accompanies a document of this solemn character. Neither at the white house nor at the state department was there any official knowledge that the reply had reached Washington, and the usual office hours closed with no appointment made for a conference. There was felt to be little likelihood, even though the ambassador received the complete reply and instructions, that there would be a night conference at the white house for the purpose of presenting the document.

Pending the official delivery of the answer speculation was rife as to its contents. There was little or no further doubt that the length of the reply meant that Spain had not given a simple and direct affirmative to the American conditions. It was evident that if the reply was an acceptance it was accompanied by extended discussion and probably by conditions. This caused considerable apprehension in official circles here, for while it was felt last week that Spain would surely yield in every particular, it began to be felt that possibly there might be another period of discussion, and possibly an indirect attempt to open up a diplomatic exchange on the nature of the terms. The prevailing view, however, was that the reply was on its face an acceptance, although not such a one as precluded all possibility of further discussion.

All vital points were believed to be conceded—the abandonment of Cuba, Porto Rico and the Ladrones and the establishment of a commission to pass upon questions relating to the Philippines. In the carrying out of this programme it was believed that Spain would seek to secure an understanding on many incidental points involved, some of them of considerable importance. For instance, some doubt was raised as to whether Spain's acceptance would be operative until referred to and ratified by the Spanish cortes and it was understood that the reply might call attention to this condition. The same condition, it was pointed out, exists as to the United States, for a peace treaty requires the ratification of the senate to become operative. In case Spain's answer discussed these incidental points there promised to be wide latitude for controversy and delay unless the president and cabinet declines to enter the field of discussion.

Late in the afternoon the president received an indirect intimation that the Spanish reply had come to the French ambassy. A cabinet officer, who was with him at this time, said on leaving: "The information that has come from Madrid about the action of the Spanish cabinet indicates the Spanish have accepted our terms in a general way, but leaves several questions open that we did not include in the terms submitted. The communication offering those terms was explicit, specifically stating such points as would be left open to further negotiations.

"We will stand on those terms."

The administration has not yet given serious consideration to the personnel of the peace commission, but it can be stated that no one not in accord with the president's views as to the disposition of the Philippines will be appointed, and Mr. McKinley favors keeping at least Manila harbor and bay and sufficient territory around it for its support and protection, if not the whole of Luzon island. As to members of the commission, there are precedents for their appointment, notably the treaty of Ghent.

Cupid's Net.

The following marriage licenses have been issued during the past week by Register G. W. Rumberger:

Benjamin R. Stere, of Union twp. and Rachel A. Houser of Benner township.

Harvey J. Boop, of Benner township, and Mary Shawver, of Spring township.

Robert K. McMullen, of Boggs township, and Cordelia Strunk, of Spring township.

George Alvin Hetlinger, of Spring Mills, and Elsie May Reish, of Centre Hall.

Harvey Freeman and Mary E. Hancock both of Philipsburg.

Harvey Shawley and Mary C. Meyer both of State College.

Sylvester M. Summers, of Boggs township, and Mary Lyons of Spring township.

Herbert J. Hull of Bellefonte, and Maggie E. Kane, of Axe Mann.

James W. Lyons, of Jackson Mich., and Estella M. Stonerode, of Milesburg, Pa.

John W. Kepler and Madge G. Goss, both of Pine Grove Mills, Pa.

Chas. Robinson, of Philipsburg, Pa., and Margaret Dormond, of Rathmul, Jefferson Co., Pa.

Kepler—Goss.

Tuesday evening at five o'clock John W. Kepler and Miss Madge Goss, both of Pine Grove Mills, were united in marriage by Rev. W. A. Stephen, at the Methodist parsonage on East Linn street, this place. Immediately after the ceremony the bride and groom started for their home at Pine Grove Mills. The groom is a bright and industrious young man and the bride is a pretty and accomplished young lady. We wish them much happiness in their new life.

—Fred Haag, aged 62, of Curwensville, in a fit of despondency caused by a quarrel with his son, swallowed 'rough on rats," and this not causing death, he swallowed paris green. Every effort was made to save his life, but he died a few hours after taking the last poison. His wife and several children survive.

—A law passed April 24, 1885, makes it obligatory upon property owners to cut down all Canada thistles on their respective premises before the seed shall mature, and failure to comply with this law makes the said property owner liable to damages

WELCOME NEWS !

Major General Miles Wants No Reinforcements.

DISPOSITION OF THE TROOPS

Some of Them Will be Sent North Where They Will be in a Cooler Climate. Number of Good Places Under Consideration.

THE QUESTION OF GOOD WATER

WASHINGTON, August 10.—The interesting feature of yesterday's news of the war department was the cable from Gen. Miles stating that he did not need reinforcements and advising that no more troops be sent to Porto Rico. The effect of this dispatch was to stop the embarkation of troops at Newport News and to stop Gen. Wade's corps from sailing.

The disposition of troops which are not now needed for active service was considered at once by the department officials and the determination was reached that there would be a general movement from the larger camps. Some of these troops will be sent north, where they will be in a cooler climate and stationed at camps which are under consideration, but which have not yet been definitely selected. Investigation of a number of places are in progress with a special reference to the health of the camp and water supply.

It is believed by the authorities that good water will go a long way toward maintaining the healthfulness of the troops. Some regiments will be removed at once and those which cannot be moved probably will be ordered to proceed upon practice marches, the object being to scatter the troops as much as possible and to relieve the several camps from the effects of concentration. The belief is now general among the war department officials that concentration in large camps and comparatively inactivity, together with the failure of troops to take rigid precautions as advised by the medical department, has been the cause of so much sickness in the various camps.

It is stated that one reason why concentration has been allowed to continue and no orders issued for the practice marches was that the troops might be expected to be called for in a short time for service in the field. As this is no longer probable, orders are expected to be issued very soon which will move many of the troops and spread them about the country in new camps or upon practice marches.

A dispatch from General Merritt concerning the report of an engagement near Manila gave only the merest details and did not convey much information as to the situation of the troops under his command.

General Merrit has something over 10,000 troops now with reinforcements on the way. The next expedition is expected to reach him about August 15.

Recent Court Decisions.

This week several decisions were handed down by the Court, the following being of the most interest to the people of this county: Overseers of the Poor of Miles township, Centre county, vs. Overseers of the Poor of Clover township. Jefferson county. This was a case of a person who had resided in Miles township for a long time and had removed to Jefferson county, where he became demented and was sent to a state asylum. Suit was brought against Miles township for asylum expenses. Order of removal affirmed and Clover township to pay costs. Overseers of the Poor of Walker township, this county, vs. the Overseers of the Poor of Porter township, Clinton county. This was a case where a person by the name of Frank Toner, who had resided in Lamar township for a long time, had removed into Walker township to get work. Some of the citizens of that township had an order of removal taken out, and when the Overseers of the Poor visited Toner they found he was not in need of any assistance from the Poor board and that he was earning a good living for himself and family. The Court sustained the appeal and quashed the order of removal and put the costs on Walker township.

—Reverend Edwin C. Dinwiddie, of Harrisburg, State Supt. of the Anti-Saloon League, and Rev. W. L. Riley, D. D., of Pittsbury, will preach in some of the churches of Bellefonte next Sunday, August 14th, as follows: At 10:30 a. m. in the Presbyterian and Methodist churches, and in the evening at 7.30 p. m. in the Lutheran and United Brethren churches.

—Sagasta is probably holding out in the hope of being offered a free excursion.

MANILA'S FATE IS NOW SEALED !

They Are Only Waiting For The Monitor Monadnock.

TROOPS LINE UP FOR ACTION

Spain Now Desires a Rest—An Armistice Part of Her Plans—Plot Against Sagasta.

THAT SPANISH TYPEWRITER AGAIN.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—A copyrighted cablegram to the World, dated Manila, August 4. via Hong Kong, August 9, says:

The United States monitor Monterey arrived here yesterday. Manila will fall as soon as the monitor Monadnock comes here. She is expected by next Thursday. Admiral Dewey's ships are stripping for action.

Owing to the high wind and heavy seas, the troops of the third expedition have not yet landed. Two lighters were capsized in the attempt and three natives were drowned.

Immediately after the arrival of the expedition Gen. Merritt organized all his forces for an attack on Manila. The troops were formed in one division under command of Gen. Anderson. The divison is composed of two brigades, the First, under Gen. McArthur, is made up of the Twenty third and Fourteenth Regular infantry and the Wyoming, Idaho, Minnesota volunteers and the Astor battery. The Second brigade, under command of Gen. Greene, Eighteenth Regular infantry, Third artillery, engineers, signal corps and California, Colorado, Nebraska, Pennsylvania volunteers, Utah battery. The two brigades number 9,000 men. Oregon troops garrison Cavite.

Admiral Dewey's fleet commands the trenches and camps of the Spaniards. The situation in Manila is critical. The lights of the city are extinguished. All meats are exhausted. The defenses are a cordon of trenches, two batteries of nine 6 inch guns each, the latter on the Cavite, side. The big guns are directly in front.

MANILA BAY, Aug. 4.—(Via Hong Kong, Aug 9.)—The long expected monitor Monterey, with the collier Brutus, arrived this morning during a gale.

Much relief is felt by Admiral Dewey and Gen. Merritt and there is intense enthusiasm throughout the fleet and among the troops. The capture of Manila is now merely a question of a few days necessary to land the troops of the third division from the United States transports Indiana, Morgan City, Ohio, Valencia and City of Para, which arrived in Manila bay on Sunday afternoon, July 31.

The disembarkation has been delayed by rough weather and the heavy surf. Five members of the third expedition died on the way, among them Lieut. R. D. Kerr of the engineer corps.

BAYONNE, FRANCE, Aug. 10—Dispatches received here from Madrid dated Monday, announce that the form of the Spanish government's acceptance of the American peace conditions involves the proclamation of an armistice. This, it is added, must first be agreed to by the United States, and if the United States insists upon the immediate evacuation of Cuba the cortes will be convoked within fifteen days.

Continuing, the Madrid dispatches say: "The most rigorous military censorship was exercised yesterday. The newspapers are not allowed to refer to the plot against Senor Sagasta's life, nor to the appearance of revolutionary bands in the castilian province.

"Concerning the plot, it is said the conspirators have drawn lots to decide which of them shall carry out its purpose and that the task has fallen upon a man named Disbal, who has suffered imprisonment in the fortress of Mont Juich for participation in one of the Barcelona anarchist outrages, and whose sentence was recently commuted by the supreme court to expulsion from Castillion. The band consists of twenty men. According to some accounts they are Republicans, and others say they are Carlists. Their first move was to attack a custom post and capture all the arms. Next they cut the telegraph and telephone wires."

PLAYA DEL ESTE, Province of Santiago De Cuba, Aug. 9.—The Merritt & Chapman wrecking steamer Potomac has arrived at the scene of the battle of July 3 and has visited the Cristobal Colon. The wreckers report her to be in a very bad situation, and they fear it is impossible to save her. The Maria Teresa has not yet been floated.

The auxiliary gunboat Vixen has returned to Guantanamo bay from Santiago. Otherwise there has been no movement of the vessels composing the American fleet. The warships are ready to sail at twelve hours' notice.

MADRID, Aug.—8 p. m.—Senor Sagasta, when asked today by the correspondent of the Associated Press whether there was any truth in the

(Continued on fifth page.)

SOME STATISTICS!

They Are Submitted by Captain J. M. Clark.

IRON AND STEEL PRODUCED

Almost 600,000 More Tons of Pig Made in 1897 Than in the Proceeding Year. The Value of the Great Output

COST OF MATERIAL AND WAGES

HARRISBURG, August 8.—Captain James M. Clark, chief of the bureau of industrial statistics, has prepared his annual report for 1897 which shows an increase of sixty per cent in the production of black plate over 1897 and eighty-three per cent in tinned production of the black plate works.

Dauphin county's iron and steel works last year made 5.38 per cent. of all the steel and iron rolled into finished form. As a pig iron producer this county stands seventh. Allegheny, Cambria, Mercer, Lawrence, Berks and Lebanon being ahead of it in the order named, but Dauphin's production of finished iron and steel puts it fourth on the list, Allegheny, Cambria and Lackawanna being the only ones ahead of it.

The total production of open hearth steel for the year was 1,421,373 gross tons; Bessemer, 2587,278 gross tons; crucible, 9,345 gross tons; combined production, 4,056,896 gross tons; an increase of 71,367 gross tons over the previous year. The total production of pig iron was 4,617,634 gross tons, an increase of 561,284 tons over the previous year. The average value was $48,884,854, an increase of $3,712,815. The average value per ton shows a decrease of sixty-three cents, the average value for 1896 having been $11.21, as against $10.58 last year.

The aggregate cost of basic material out of which this production of pig iron was made, which means only the iron ore and scrap or cinder, if any were used, was $9,962,533 an increase of $3,711,113 over 1896. The cost per ton of this basic material last year was $6,48, a decrease of four cents per ton from 1896. The number of working people employed was 11,272, a decrease of 308 compared with 1896.

The aggregate amount of wages paid was $4,676,970, an increase of $87,805. The average yearly earnings were $414.92. Average daily wage, $1.36; average labor cost per ton, $1.01. The capital invested in the active pig iron furnaces in Pennsylvania for 1897 is estimated at $41,000,000.

There were fifteen black plate works in the state last year in the manufacture of tin plate. The capital invested was $5,017,127 an increase of $1.389,852 over the previous year The entire production of black plate, tinned and untinned, was 254,150,601 pounds, an increase of 96,851,111 pounds over 1896. These works tinned of this black plate product 179,705,766 pounds, an increase of 83.7 per cent.

The production of black plate, which was not tinned, was 74,421,833 pounds, an increase of 23.1 per cent over 1896 The value of this tinned product was $5,180,624, an increase of $2,022,925. The value of the black plate not tinned was $1,657,297, an increase of 12 per cent. The value of the entire production of the black plate works, tinned and untinned, was $6,837,921, an increase of $2.200,100 over 1896. The average number of days in operation was 281, number of working people employed 3,920, aggregate amoun of wages paid $2,227,217, average yearly earnings, $568.17 average daily wages $2.02. The tin plate industry is employing more men.

In addition to these fifteen tin plate works manufacturing their own black plate and making tin plate from the billet or bar, there were eleven dipping works in operation, with a product of 45,926,000 pounds of tin and terne plate and a corresponding income of $1,816,417. The number of persons employed was 444; number of days in operation, 270, aggregate of wages paid, $139,992; average yearly earnings, $316.24 as against 41,773,941 produced in 1896, with a total value of $1,888,398. The number of working people employed was 477; days of operation, 240; aggregate wages paid, $185,889; average yearly earnings, $281.63; average daily wages, $1.17.

—Cornelius Leitch died at his home near Howard, Sunday afternoon He was 64 years old and leaves a wife and nine children. The funeral took place on Tuesday afternoon.

WE ARE STILL WAITING !

Administration Hears Nothing from Spanish Hidalgoes.

ALGER REBUKES ROOSEVELT

The Rough Riders and Other Troops to Come North at Once—The Transports Ready at Santiago.

KENTUCKIANS START FOR PORTO RICO

WASHINGTON, August 5.—There was an expectation at the state department that perhaps towards the close of yesterday afternoon some word might be received from Spain through the French ambassador in reply to the president's deliverance yesterday upon the subject of peace conditions. This expectation was based upon the fact that the terms themselves had not been modified in any essential point, so that there was little occasion for prolonged discussion by the Spanish cabinet, which was presumed to have thoroughly considered this matter before rendering the first reply. However, it was perceived from the news dispatches that the Madrid cabinet meeting has been inconclusive, so it was then presumed nothing definite could be expected before today at the earliest. There is confident belief among administration officials that the Spanish government will accept the terms laid down by the president, and that the delay of a day or two in recognizing the inevitable is to be accounted for by reasons of Spanish politics, which would countenance an unresisting submission without at least a display of purpose to improve the terms.

This, however, cannot be accomplished, and the French ambassador who is well aware of the fact, unquestionably has so informed the Spanish government, though that government has preserved its record in good form to meet the criticisms of its political opponents by submitting the counter proposition presented yesterday by M. Cambon to the president. Meanwhile preparations for the Wade expedition to go on steadily, a number of general officers being ordered to attach themselves thereto among them General Randall, who was assigned only day before yesterday to command the new military camp at Montauk Point. Navy department officials also insist that no change has been made in the orders to the Watson squadron. Indeed there seems to be now evident a purpose to dispatch this fine squadron to European waters regardless of the termination of the war, the idea being that the splendid display which will be made by the American ships will have a beneficial effect in inspiring respect for our naval strength.

Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, of the Rough Riders has succeeded in hurrying the movements of the war department in fetching Shafter's army away from Santiago, though in his disregard of the conventionalities he has drawn upon his head a rather sharp rebuke from the secretary of war, who evidently regards the course pursued by Colonel Roosevelt as being calculated to injure discipline, though inspired by the most worthy motives. It is only fair to state that the war department for some time has been intent upon removing these troops, and is is not more than a week ago that General Shafter was instructed by a special cablegram to cheer up the soldiers by publicly informing them of this determination. It was rather a question of ways and means than a lack of intention to redeem this promise that caused delay. As far as the question of removing the troops back into the mountains is concerned (the question which seems to have precipitated the indignation meeting among the American commanders at Santiago) it is learned that the medical department, made no such recommendations: All that it had to say on this subject was that if the troops must remain near Santiago, an effort should be made to remove them to some healthier camping ground. Surgeon General Sternburg agrees thoroughly with the opinion expressed by the signers of the "round robin" at Santiago. that men who have suffered from the severe malarial fevers of the South Cuban coast, so far from being immune against attacks of yellow fever, as has been asserted in some quarters are actually in very much greater danger than those who have escaped the malarial.

FASHIONS AT SARATOGA.

White Outfits: Evening Gowns; Garden Party Dresses; Answers.

White is extremely fashionable and in entire gowns or merely independent waists, is seen at all times and on all occasions. For a morning stroll to the Springs, street dresses of white poplin, Irish linen, pique, duck or satin cloth, have peculiar distinction, provided that shoes, gloves and parasol be in keeping, nor can anything more dainty be imagined than a young woman who thus wends her way in garments of purity. Worn by older women these white outfits are too trying to be desirable and by way of change, young aspirants not unfrequently wear colored ties or in case of short jackets, the vest may show color. The parasol can then be optional and this year it is a stylish idea to wear a colored silk petticoat under a white dress of thick goods and have the parasol match the under, garment which shows effectively when the skirt is lifted for its exhibition. At

EVENING HOPS

or garden parties, white organdie gowns lead, but are closely rivalled by net and both show a dressy simplicity that is extremely attractive, whether in all white or when finished by ruffles edged with colored baby ribbon, while now and again, the fancy for white and black is gratified by a substitution of narrow black velvet in place of the ribbon. Narrow black velvet ribbon is indeed a noteworthy factor throughout dress in general; it is seen alike on plain or high dress gowns or waists and imparts that shading on the picture which is so truly artistic.

INDEPENDENT WAISTS

of black or white net or lace are also much worn and chiffon is often combined and in such cases, the skirts are usually of satin or taffeta to correspond, since an under preponderance of waists that differ markedly from skirts worn with them, become monotonous and too much as if an assemblage of women were in uniform. Hence the distinction accorded to entire dresses, which notwithstanding the immense popularity of separate waists, take the first rank. In these styles after organdie and net, come grenadine, mousseline, silks in great variety and spangled fabrics that are conspicuous at all dressy gatherings and on piazzas. Among

INDIVIDUAL GOWNS,

a charming example recently worn at a garden party, was of pale pink mousseline worn over white silk. The skirt was finished by a medium width flounce of lace and a deep apron overskirt in front was trimmed to match, a panel of pale pink satin on the left side being outlined by ribbon bound scallops and at the back was a flounce of material headed by one of lace. The waist showed jacket fronts consisting of three satin ruffles cut in scallops and bound with ribbon that opened over a full vest of white chiffon: double shoulder epaulettes were of ribbon bound satin in scallops and the back and sleeves were of the material, a satin belt and collar giving completion. A simple, yet attractive gown is of white organdie worn over a skirt of the same material. The dress skirt has four ruffles, each headed by a half inch wide pink satin ribbon and rows of ribbon continue around it at intervals to the waist, which is full and having a finish of ribbon placed crosswise at intervals that end in rosettes on the left side. The sleeves are puffed throughout and a square puffed yoke gives completion.

"Ethelind." Saratoga is not so expensive a resort as may be supposed, since there are many boarding houses and small hotels where prices range at about $10 weekly and they are patronized by a nice class of people. Stages run at small cost to out of town springs or bicyclers take short rides to them.

Fishing for Health.

When a man breaks down with that dread disease, consumption, and recognizes his condition, he starts out to fish for health. He tries this thing and that thing. He consults this doctor and that doctor. He indulges in all kinds of absurd athletic exercises. He tries first one climate and then another. He tries the rest cure and the work cure. He grows steadily worse.

That is the story of most consumptives. Finally, when the consumptive dies, the doctor shrugs his shoulders and pronounces consumption incurable. A thirty years' test of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has demonstrated that it cures 98 per cent. of all cases of consumption, if taken in the earlier stages of the disease, before the lungs are too far wasted. In a consumptive there is a weaker spot than even the lungs. That spot is the stomach. A consumptive never really begins to die until his stomach gives out. The "Golden Medical Discovery" not only braces up the stomach, but acts directly on the lungs, healing them and driving out all impurities. Honest medicine dealers will not urge you to take an inferior substitute.

"I had a very bad cough, also night-sweats, and was almost in my grave with consumption," writes Mrs. Clara A. McIntyre, Box 171, Ashland, Middlesex Co., Mass. "A friend of mine who had died with consumption came to me in a dream and told me to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and, thank the Lord, I did so. By the time I had taken half of the first bottle I felt much better. I kept on until I had taken three bottles. That was all I needed. I got well and strong again."

Whenever constipation is one of the complicating causes of disease, the most perfect remedy is Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, which are always effective, yet absolutely mild and harmless. There never was any remedy invented which can take their place. They never gripe.

"Mrs. Q." For your husband's tired brain or your own delicate nerves you will find no tonic and vitalizer so valuable as Horsford's Acid Phosphate which is in large demand even at this celebrated centre of mineral waters. It is also not only an excellent remedy for headache and dyspepsia, but is resorted to in moderation as a delicious drink and substitute for lemonade.

"Marvin." For a fashionable luncheon, choose a red, white and blue one. Silk flags are laid on the table; small flags have the menu printed on them and red, white and blue flowers are selected for decorations. Lobster is in favor, because red, red and white creams and ices are in order: the favorite colors are shown forth in china and white, red and blue appear in ladies' attire.

Lucy Carter

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy
CURES ALL KIDNEY, STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES.

The Home Paper.

Said an eminent divine: "Your home paper tells you when to go to church, to county court and probate court and when to send your children to school. It tells you who is married and who is dead, who is sick, who is born, and many other things you would like to know. It calls attention to the public enterprises and advocates the best of schools, and laws in town. It records the marriage of your daughter, the death of your son and the illness of your wife free of charge. It sets forth the advantages and attractions of your town and invites immigration, and is first to welcome newcomers. Yet in spite of all these and numerous other benefits, some people say home papers are not half as good as city papers, that they have no interest in their business or success. The home papers are like the home church—too often neglected by those who are benefitted the most.

Stores Were Not Unloaded.

NEW YORK, August 4.—When the transport Breakwater returned to this city from Santiago the army officers of the department of the last were surprised to find that thousands of pounds of food which had been sent south had never been unloaded and was still in the hold of the vessel.

A board of survey was appointed by Colonel Gillespie, commander of the department of the east, to determine for whom the stores had been intended, and why they were not enloaded. This board has reported that the stores were not unloaded because there was immediate need of the vessel to transport the sick and wounded. The board declares that it is unable to fix the responsibility for the failure to unload the supplies.

Republican, N. Y: Tribune $1.50

SAN JUAN'S WALLS!

The Captain General of the City is Very Defiant.

HOW GUNNERS ARE DRILLING

There Appears to be Trouble Regarding the Place of Rendezvous So Far as Our Transports Are Concerned.

ONE VESSEL TRIED TO RUN IN

San Juan de Porto Rico, Aug. 6.—The Americans have taken peaceful possession of the eastern portion of the island. Small parties of marines have been landed, who have lighted the lamps in the lighthouse at Cape San Juan and on other lighthouses along the coast. They met with no resistance. Indeed, at Cape San Juan deputations of citizens came out to meet them.

The warships in this vicinity are the Montgomery, the Annapolis, the Puritan and the Amphitrite. The two former are looking for the transports, with the troops, which left the United States and have scattered all about the island. The Annapolis rounded up with the Whitney, the Florida and the Raleigh yesterday and they are now at Cape San Juan.

There seems to have been a serious mistake as to the rendezvous, for no two ships go to the same place and it will take several days to locate them and get them to Ponce, where General Miles is waiting.

Off San Juan the cruiser New Orleans alone maintains a blockade. The city is grim and silent, but back of her yellow wall there will be plenty of determination and fight when the Americans open fire.

Captain General Macias has issued a proclamation, in the course of which he says:

"Spian has not sued for peace, and I can drive off the American boats, now as I did Sampson's attempt before."

The daughter of the captain general is helping to drill the gunners in the forts. Although there are 9,500 Spanish regulars in the city. The troops of the enemy, who are retreating from Ponce and the other towns on the south coasts occupied by the Americans, have not yet arrived.

The German steamer Polynesia, with a cargo of rum, canned meats, and tobacco, tried to run the blockade this morning, but was stopped by the New Orleans.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Subscribers Getting Bond.

WASHINGTON, August 5.—Assistant Secretary Vanderlip is now sending to subscribers about 6,000 bonds a day, and this number will be increased later on. Recently notices of allotments have been sent to a number of people who had subscribed and forwarded the required cash, but who now deny all knowledge of the transaction; the indications are that their names had been used by interested parties without authority with a view to getting possession of the bonds in violation of the spirit of the law. These cases are under investigation. There are also a large number under suspicion from other causes, aggregating in amount several millions, so that it will be impossible to state the maximum amount which eventually will be allotted until all of these cases are decided. The indications however are that the amount will fall between $4,400 and $5,000.

—The will of the late Rt. Rev. Thomas McGovern of Harrisburg diocese of the Catholic church has been entered for probate. It was executed May 14th, 1895, and set aside $1,000 for masses for the repose of his soul, subject to the decision of the next bishop. One third of his life insurance is left to his sister Annie McGovern and the bala of his property goes to the next bishop.

Remember the name when you buy again
BattleAx PLUG

Priceless Pain

"If a price can be placed on pain, 'Mother's Friend' is worth its weight in gold as an alleviator. My wife suffered more in ten minutes with either of her other two children than she did altogether with her last, having previously used four bottles of 'Mother's Friend.' It is a blessing to any one expecting to become a mother," says a customer.

Thus writes Henderson Dale, Druggist, of Carmi, Ill., to the Bradfield Regulator Company, of Atlanta, Ga., the proprietors and manufacturers of "Mother's Friend." This successful remedy is not one of the many internal medicines advertised to do unreasonable things, but a scientifically prepared liniment especially effective in adding strength and elasticity to those parts of woman's organism which bear the severest strains of childbirth.

The liniment may be used at any and all times during pregnancy up to the very hour of confinement. The earlier it is begun, and the longer used, the more perfect will be the result, but it has been used during the last month only with great benefit and success.

It not only shortens labor and lessens the pain attending it, but greatly diminishes the danger to life of both mother and child, and leaves the mother in a condition more favorable to speedy recovery.

"Mother's Friend" is sold by druggists at $1.00, or sent by express on receipt of price.

Valuable book for women, "Before Baby is Born," sent free on application.
THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Work of the Red Cross.

NEW YORK, August 5.—Stephen E. Barton, chairman of the executive committee of the Red Cross, received a cablegram, under date of August 3, from Miss Clara Barton of Santiago. The message says that there are sufficient supplies on hand at the Red Cross base for the present with the exception of rice, for which there is great need. Supplies will be sent to Gibara and Baracoa, on the northern coast of the island. Great suffering exists in both cities, and it is believed that Miss Barton intends to take up the relief there immediately.

According to Miss Barton's cablegram there is now but one hospital at Siboney. All the others have been removed to the better location at Santiago. Ice is being distributed under the direction of the Red Cross daily in the Santiago hospital and being sent by train in sufficient quantity to the hospital at Siboney. The schooner Mary E. Morse, which was sent south by the ice plant auxiliary from the Kennebec river about a fortnight ago, is now discharging her cargo at Santiago.

SANTIAGO, August 2.—The Red Cross schooner Mary E. Morse arrived here this afternoon from Kennebec with 900 tons of ice, the gift of Miss Adele Gardner, of Long Island. Miss Clara Barton presented the cargo to General Shafter for the use of the army.

Anxious Soldiers.

CHICKAMAUGA, CHATTANOOGA NATIONAL MILITARY PARK, Ga., Aug. 5.—The making up of the force to go with General Wade to Porto Rico has served to show how very anxious the volunteers at Camp Thomas are to go to the front. The list of regiments designed to go had hardly received circulation in the camp until hundreds of volunteers, not included in the selected regiments, had made application to be transferred from their own regiments, to those to proceed to the front.

Thus far none of the regiments at Camp Thomas designated as a part of General Wade's expeditionary forces has been ordered to the front. The only order of this nature received at Washington was on directing the signal corps, under General Squier, to proceed to Newport News, where it will report to General Wade. The corps will leave for its destination Saturday.

A Hint for Next Winter.

A neighboring county has a young man, who by pulling a string while lying in bed starts the kitchen fire and takes another snooze while the tea kettle is nearing the boiling point. At night he put the shavings and wood in the fire pot and has in front of it a plate of steel with a hole through which protrudes a parlor match. Next to this is a flat file with a string attached, which runs to his bed up stairs. Pulling the string draws the file over the head of the match which ignites the shavings and sets things agoing without one's getting out of bed.

—Many people are under the impression that a two cent revenue stamp will carry a letter. This is a mistaken idea. A number of letters are now held at different postoffices because they are stamped with revenue stamps.

Eb Small's Preachin'.

If death is jest the end, and settles us fer keeps,
If when a feller dies it's same as when he sleeps,
If this world's all there is fer me and every man,
Still, seems ter me, we ought ter do the best we can;
We'd ought ter try as hard, we ought ter climb as high
As if we'd be repaid all through the by and by;
We'd ought ter strive fer good, if life be but a whiff—
I ain't a sayin' 'tis, I'm only sayin' "if."
If when we die we go ter "Mansions of the Blest."
Where all is perfect peace and paradise and rest.
If this world's jest a vale of sorrer and of strife
Ter fit us fer the next, the higher, better life,
Why, still it seems ter me, as long's we're here at all,
We must be here ter work, not loaf until the call,
Though through the grave we gain our seat on Heaven's cliff—
I don't say as we do, I'm only sayin' "if."
If life is all, why then be thankful you're alive,
And set your aim on high and do and dare and strive;
If Heaven comes beyond, be manful-like and brave,
And make your Heaven shine a bit this side the grave;
Don't set around and fret about what's goin' ter be,
But make your life a light fer other men ter see;
No matter, gleamin' robes or grave-clothes cold and stiff—
I don't say which it is—I'm only sayin' "if."

—Joe Lincoln, in L. A. W. Bulletin.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Our New Guard.

HARRISBURG, August 6.—General orders are being prepared by Adjutant General Stewart announcing the formation of the new National Guard of Pennsylvania. The recruiting was supervised by General Stewart and is practically completed. The uniforms for the new organizations are being manufactured at the State arsenal under the direction of Major William F. Richardson. Springfield rifles and Webb cartridge belts will be issued to the troops.

The First brigade will be composed of battery D, of Philadelphia; Second troop, Philadelphia city cavalry, and Nineteenth and Twentieth regiments. These new regiments will be composed of twenty-one companies in Philadelphia and one each at Norristown, West Chester and Chester.

The Second brigade will be made up of battery E, of Pittsburg; Second Sheridan roop, of Tyrone, and Seventeenth and Twenty-first regiments. The Seventeenth will consist of eight companies in Allegheny county—one each at New Brighton, Uniontown, Washington and one yet to be mustered in. The companies for the Twenty-first regiment are located at Oil City, Indiana, Meadville, Warren, Bradford, Hollidaysburg, Butler, Sharon (Erie, Franklyn, Huntingdon and Bellefonte.

The Third brigade will be constituted as follows: Battery F, of Phoenixville; Second Governor's troop, Harrisburg, and Seventh and Eleventh regiments. The Seventh will comprise two companies at Wilkesbarre, one each at Williamsport, Sunbury, Hazelton, Wananie, Plymouth, Pittston, Shickshinny, Tunkhannock, Meshoppen and Allentown. The Eleventh will consist of three companies at Scranton and one each at Reading, Lancaster, Carlisle, Easton, York, Harrisburg, Lebanon, Honesdale and Pottsville.

Helen Gould to the Soldiers.

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.—Lieut. Col. J. Morris Brown, head of the medical supply depot here, received a communication from Miss Helen Gould, saying that Ira E. Belnet, of San Diego, Cal. had telegraphed to her offering a carload of lemons for distribution among the army hospitals. Col. Brown promptly replied that the gift would be most acceptable. Maj. William H. Arthur, in charge of the hospital ship Missouri, received a letter from Miss Gould as follows:

"Is there anything in the way of supplies or apparatus that would contribute to the comfort of the sick and wounded on board the Missouri? This association would gladly contribute to the equipment of the ship under your direction and on receipt of instructions from you.

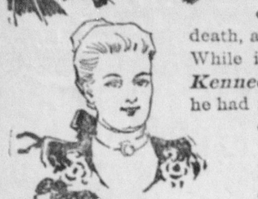
The association meant is the Woman's National War Relief association. Maj. Arthur answered that he would like the association to furnish four electric ward kitchens. He received a telegram from Miss Gould asking him to foaward an estimate of the cost of the kitchens, and stating that the association would gladly supply them. It is estimated that they will cost $500 each.

Why not be well?

If you are suffering with any disease of the Kidneys, Bladder or Urinary Organs, ***Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy*** will make you well again. It has cured cases that bordered on the miraculous.

It quickly cures men and women of inability to hold urine, and they are not compelled to get up often and make water at night. It removes the scalding sensation in passing it, and, when taken according to directions, it invariably cures pains in the small of the back. ***Favorite Remedy*** not only cures Stone in the Bladder and Bright's Disease, but prevents them from developing.

One case is that of JOHN J. NEILL, of 2011 North Eighth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. In 1889 he began to suffer indescribable miseries from Stone in the Bladder. An eminent physician said a surgical operation was necessary. If unsuccessful it meant death, and Mr. Neill put off the evil day as long as possible. While in this frame of mind he heard of ***Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy,*** and bought it. Before he had finished the third bottle the gravel was completely dissolved and his sufferings were at an end.



Favorite Remedy is a perfect Blood and Nerve medicine. It restores the liver to a healthy condition, cures the worst cases of Constipation, and all diseases peculiar to females. It cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism. Your druggist will sell you a regular full-sized bottle for $1.00.

Sample Bottle Free.

Those sufferers who wish to try ***Favorite Remedy*** before buying should send their full postoffice address to the DR. DAVID KENNEDY CORPORATION, Rondout, N. Y., and *mention this paper.* A free sample bottle will be sent them prepaid, together with full directions for using. This is a genuine offer, and all our readers can depend upon it.

HENCH & DROMGOLD'S

SAWMILL AND ENGINES

A wonderful improvement in **Friction Feeds** and **Gig-Back.** Back motion of Carriage **3 times** as fast as any other in the market. **Friction Clutch Feed,** causing all the feed gearing to stand still while backing; **great saving in power and wear.** Catalogue and prices free. Also **Spring Harrows, Cultivators, Corn Planters, Shellers,** etc. *Mention this paper.*

HENCH & DROMGOLD, Mfrs., York, Pa.

You Risk Nothing

by giving our brush a trial. If you do not find it to be as represented after six months' use, bring it back and we will refund the money.

What can be fairer?

Dr. Scott's
Electric
Hair Brush

IS WARRANTED TO CURE

Nervous Headache in 5 minutes! Bilious Headache in 5 minutes! Neuralgia in 5 minutes! Dandruff and diseases of the scalp! Prevents falling hair and baldness! Makes the hair grow long and glossy!

Prices { No. 1 Hair Brush, $1. No. 2 Hair Brush, $1.50 / No. 3 Hair Brush, $2. No. 4 Hair Brush, $2.50 / No. 5 Hair Brush, $3.

Quality the same in all; the price differs only according to size and power.

For Sale at Druggists and Dry Goods Stores.

Ask for Dr Scott's; take no other; or we will send on approval, postpaid, on receipt of price and ten cents for postage, and if you are not well satisfied with your bargain, write us and we will return the money.

"The Doctor's Story," a valuable book giving information concerning all our goods, sent on request.

Agents Wanted. Quick sales. Liberal pay. Satisfaction guaranteed.

GEO. A. SCOTT,
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FARMERS

can make money by selling and using **GOLDBAST Corn Binders,** used on every stook. Pull and it's fast. Ties itself. Costs less than string. Never wears out. Thousands easily sold in a town. Good profits. Get your town agency now. Outfit 50c., stamps. **TIE CO.,** Box 822 Unadilla, N.Y.

FUN MAKING

and health making are included in the making of HIRES Rootbeer. The preparation of this great temperance drink is an event of importance in a million well regulated homes.

HIRES
Rootbeer

is full of good health. Invigorating, appetizing, satisfying. Put some up to-day and have it ready to put down whenever you're thirsty.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

abates Long Troubles, Debility, distressing stomach and female ills, and is noted for making cures when all other treatment fails. Every mother and invalid should have it.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

HINDERCORNS The only sure Cure for Corns. Stops all pain. Makes walking easy. 15c. at Druggists

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

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Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. ALWAYS reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. **Take no other.** *Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.* At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. *Name Paper.* **Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Place, Philada., Pa.**

Sold by all Local Druggists.

PILES "ANAKESIS" gives instant relief and is an infallible Cure for Piles. Price $1 By Druggists or mail. Samples free. Address "ANAKESIS," Box 2486, New York City.

War with Spain!

Reliable War News
IN THE GREAT
NATIONAL
FAMILY
NEWSPAPER

Furnished by Special Correspondents at the Front.

The New York WEEKLY TRIBUNE

RELIABLE WAR NEWS

Will contain all important war news of the daily edition.

Special dispatches up to the hour of publication.

Careful attention will be given to Farm and Family Topics, Foreign Correspondence, Market Reports, and all general news of the World and Nation.

We furnish the New York Weekly Tribune and your favorite home paper,

THE REPUBLICAN,
BOTH ONE YEAR FOR $1.50
Send all orders to THE REPUBLICAN,
Bellefonte, Pa.

AT PORTO RICO!

There Is Where They Are Waiting for the Enemy.

BUT THE ENEMY RUNS AWAY

A Case of Restlessness in Some Quarters Because of False Alarms—The Health of the Troops So Far is Very Good.

NOTES WHICH WILL INTEREST

Ponce, Island of Porto Rico, Aug. 4.—The Porto Ricans of Ponce lined the streets by the hundreds and filled the air with cheering on the arrival of General Garretson's brigade from Yauco. The arrival of these troops and those on the St. Louis makes the fighting strength of the Americans now operating near Ponce about 9,000 men, equal to the entire force of Spanish regular troops on the island.

General Garretson's camp is temporarily near the Second and Third Wisconsin regiments, on the outskirts of the town. The brigade marched seventeen miles from Yauco to Ausby, where they arrived travel stained and mud bespatted. Almost the entire population saw the troops pass through the city and gave them cheer after cheer, particularly as the artillerymen lumbered by.

The officers at the front, including Huling's Pennsylvanians, and Captains Austin, Wheelock, Burns and Hall, commanding the four advance companies, do not believe the Spaniards will make an advance. They claim the enemy will act only on the defensive

There was some firing last night between Captain Austin's pickets and the Spaniards in the brush, but no damage was done.

All the American troops are restless, due to the false alarms of the approach of the Spaniards, and they are anxious for an encounter with the enemy. It is the general belief, however, that there will be no forward movement of the main body of our troops until the other transports arrive. They are expected every hour.

The troops on board the St. Louis are reported to be in good health. She brought twelve representatives of the Porto Rican Junta of New York, whose business is to influence the people of the island not to resist the American advance. Their good offices are not necessary.

The Dixie's shot at Morro Castle on Saturday caused the utmost consternation at San Juan de Porto Rico, where it was believed to have signified that the place would be bombarded within twenty four hours.

JUAN DIAZ, Porto Pico, August 4.—Reports of outrages perpetrated by the Spanish during their retreat accumulate in number and horror. A terrible state of affairs is reported at Fortunada and the reports are confirmed by deserting volunteers, who continue to come in and surrender in large numbers. They say they were forced to accompany the Spaniards under penalty of death.

The Porto Ricans still have an erroneous idea of the meaning of the American occupation. They continue to drag Spanish citizens before the American military authorities, with the notion that the Spaniards will be imprisoned. The Spaniards are promptly released and told to return to their homes. Colonel Hulings Wednesday issued a proclamation to the citizens of Juan Diaz and the surrounding country, stating the object of the occupation and assuring ample protection of personal property and rights, without regard to past or pesent political affiliation.

Many wealthy planters have gone into Jurn Diaz and offered cattle and vegetables for the soldier gratis. The soldiers have plenty of fresh meat. The commissary department is getting into working order. Plenty of rations were distributed Wednesday. The men are behaving like veterans. Hulings' regiment is now at least six miles beyond the nearest support, and should have artillery as soon as possible.

A courier who has just arrived reports that the enemy has concentrated at Aibonito under General Otsego, and is entrenching and preparing to make a stand.

Spain's Loss of Empire.

On his accession to the Spanish throne n 1556, Philip II. found himself ruler of the greatest empire the world has ever seen since Rome was at the zenith of its power. Its navies were famous for their greatness and they ruled the ocean, its armies were famous for their prowess, she swayed the destinies of Europe, had possessions in all continents, and may be said to have owned the Americas, North and South. Samuel Johnson, writing as recently as 1740 when complaining of the poor people's hardships, said:

> Are there no regions yet unclaimed by Spain?
> Quick, let us rise, those happy lands explore,
> And bear oppression's insolence no more.

The Spanish empire was the result of marriages, conquests and discoveries; its decline and fall may be ascribed to the ruthless character of the Spanish people. When Columbus discovered San Domingo it had a population of 2,000,000; in 1530 this poplation had dwindled to 350,000. Cortez in Mexico and Pizarro in Peru were ideal Spanish conquerors.

In the latter part of Philip's reign [he died in 1598] Spain lost all, or nearly all, of her independencies in north Africa, and early in the next reign, Burgundy, Naples. Sicily, and then Milan. In 1609 the Netherlands were lost; in 1628, Malacca, Ceylon, Java, and other islands; in 1640, Portugal; in 1648 all claims were renounced to Holland, Brabant and parts of Flanders; in 1649 were lost Maestrict, Hertogenbosch, Breda, Bergen-op Zoom, and many other fortresses in the Low Countries, in which year the crown tacitly surrendered supremacy on the seas to northern Europe. In 1659 Rousillon and Cardague were ceded to France, making the Pyrenees the boundary between the two countries; in 1668 to 1672, the last of Flanders was given up; in 1704, Gibraltar was lost, 1731, Nootka Sound settlements; in 1794, San Domingo; in 1800, Louisiana; in 1802, Trinidad; in 1819, Florida; from 1810-21 were lost, Mexico, Vehezuela, Colombia, Ecudor, Peru, Bolivia, Chile, Argentina, Banda-Oriental, Paraguay, Patagonia, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, San Salvador, Haiti, and numerous islands pertaining to the American continents, all the possessions in the Western Hemisphere, in fact, save Porto Rico and Cuba, which already apparently are as good as lost. The future of Spanish Morocco, and of the Philippine, Caroline, Sulu, Ladrone and Canary groups has yet to be settled.—Memphis Commercial.

Will be Discharged.

It has been announced that such of the members of the National guard as did not join the provisional guard will be discharged as soon as the provisional guard is in shape. Those who go into the provisional guard will be given transfers from their old commands and will be transferred back to them again when the war is over, thus keeping their service continuous and giving them full credit. Those receiving discharges will lose the benefit of their continuous service and will have to enlist over again if they rejoin their old commands when they return.

—Just to show that they are still doing business at the old stand, the Carnegie company have a million dollars' worth of iron mines.

Scene in the Valley de Mendiz, Portugal.

Group of Girls Carrying Weighty Baskets Full of Grapes to the Winery to be Crushed and Made into Wine.

The Speer Wine Company, Passaic N. J.,

have their vineyards stocked of the same grape, the only vineyard of the kind in this country, the vines were imported and planted here over forty years ago. The Speer Port wine and Burgundy are now regarded the finest in the world, their rich, full body and high character is unexcelled. Invalids, weakly persons, especially females, and the aged are made strong and vigorous by its use, as a medicinal wine it has no equal; as a family wine it has no superior. First class physicians all over the country, here and in Europe, who have tried them recommend them as the best.

A close study by physicians on the effect of different brands of wines on the system convinces them of the superiority of the Speer Passaic wines for their patients.

Sold by Druggists and Grocers.

You Are Missing A Great Pleasure If You Are Not Using Green's Famous Chocolate Ice Cream Soda Water, 5c a Glass.

—Walter L. Main, the circus man, has just been awarded $16,000 damages by the United States circuit court at Portland, Oregon, for injuries to his circus resulting from a smash-up on the Oregon Short line some months ago.

Remember the name when you buy again

BattleAx PLUG

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

ROYAL WORCESTER CORSETS
For Sale By All Dealers

DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S Favorite Remedy
The one sure cure for
The Kidneys, Liver and Blood

15 Women Wanted for traveling position with old established firm. Permanent. Pays $20 a month and all expenses. P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., 25 Locust St., Phila., Pa.

WANTED. An active lady or gentleman to sell the pocket edition of "Ready Reference of Important Facts." Sell at sight. Send 25 cents for sample copy and terms to the UNION PUBLISHING CO., York, Penn'a.

FREE
TO BOYS AND GIRLS.

A small stem-winding watch, nickel silver cases, nickel movement, warranted for five years, for selling 48 packages of best Bluing at 10 cents each. **NO MONEY REQUIRED.** Send address and we forward Blueing by mail; when sold return the money and we send watch. Can be sold in one day to neighbors and friends. Every boy and girl should have a good reliable watch; here is the opportunity. A pair of Barney & Berry steel skates for selling 18 packages.

BEST BLUING CO., Boston, Mass

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HASTINGS & REEDER,
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OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

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A. A. CURES	FEVERS, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
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50c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York. VETERINARY MANUAL SENT FREE.

NERVOUS DEBILITY,
VITAL WEAKNESS
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$1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5

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PANSIES, NASTURTIUMS SWEET PEAS, one Pkt. of each variety for only **6 cts.**

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in the Garden State of Delaware, near all the large markets of the country. Only 5 hours from New York, near Rail Roads, School and Post Office. High rolling lands, no hills or stones, rich soil, mild healthy climate, only short distance from sea shore, plenty of fishing and hunting. $10 down, balance in small monthly payments. Send for our paper which gives full information. **Delaware Land and Improvement Company,** 11 Broadway, New York City.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

HAIR HEALTH

Never fails to Renew Youthful Color and Life to Gray Hair.

Use **DR. HAY'S HAIR HEALTH.** Covers BALD spots. Stops dandruff, hair falling, scalp diseases. Don't stain skin or linen. Absolutely harmless.

Gives Perfect Satisfaction.

Best **HAIR GROWER DRESSING** for Men, Women, Children. If your hair is **FALLING, FADING** or **TURNING GRAY** try at once **DR. HAY'S HAIR HEALTH.**

Only 50 Cents Per Large Bottle.

Prepared by **LONDON SUPPLY CO.,** 853 Broadway, N. Y., who will send it prepaid, together with a case of **HAY'S KILL CORN,** only sure and **Instant 10c. CORN CURE,** on receipt of 60c. three bottles $1.50.

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BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

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One inch (12 lines this type	$ 5	$ 8	12
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Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	23
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	25	35	55
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All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

Al advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

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All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash.

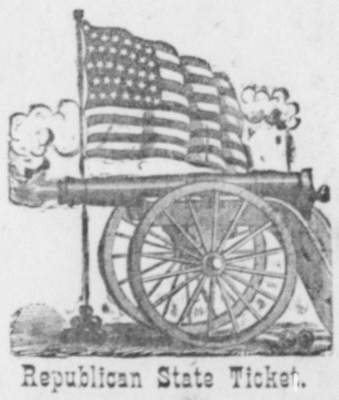
EDWARD T. TUTEN.

COUNTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

The following named gentlemen compose the Republican Executive Committee of Centre County for the year 1898.

W. E. GRAY, Chairman, Bellefonte,
HARRY KELLER, Secretary,
G. W. REES' Asst. Sec.
J. T MITCHELL, Asst. Sec.

DISTRICT.	NAME	ADDRESS.
Bellefonte, N W	F. C. Williams	Bellefonte
" S W	Jas I McClure	"
" W W	S H Williams	"
Centre Hall boro	B D Brisbin	Centre Hall
Howard "	Hayes Schenck	Howard
Milesburg "	A S Smith	Milesburg
Millheim "	John Schleifer,	Millheim
Philipsburg 1 w	P E Womelsdorf,	Philipsburg
" 2	Geo E Chandler,	Philipsburg
" 3	Harry Simler	"
South Philipsburg	Ira M Stover	Ph'psbg
Unionville Boro	Riley Pratt	Fleming
Benner twp, N P	Benner Way,	Bellefonte
Benner twp, S P	Geo. W. Miller,	"
Boggs Twp E P	J M Parker	Roland
Boggs Twp W P	J A Crider	Milesburg
Boggs Twp N P	James Croft	Milesburg
Burnside Twp	Samuel Beightol	Moshannon
College Twp	J W Getz	Lemont
Curtin "	R C Daley	Romola
College boro	Philip D Foster	State Coll.
Ferguson Twp E P	Claudius B Hess	Fairbrook
Ferguson " W P	J W Sunday,	Rock Springs
Gregg " N P	Isaac Smith	Farmers Mills
Gregg " W P, W S	Musser,	Spring Mills
Gregg " E P	Jos. K. Bitner,	Penn Hall
Haines " E P	E H Musser	Woodward
Haines " W P	Dr C S Musser	Aaronsb'g
Half Moon " P N	Wyre	Loveville
Harris "	Scott Bricker	Boalsburg
Howard "	John Turner	Mt. Eagle
Huston "	Daniel Yothers	Julian
Liberty " H	A Snyder	Blanchard
Marion " R	K Wilson	Walker
Miles E P	John DeLong	Livonia
" N. P.	Sam'l Strohecker,	Rebersburg
" W. P	Reuben Grimm,	Madisonburg
Patton "	Frank Clemson	Benore
Penn "	James Cooney	Coburn
Potter Twp N P	Geo M Boal	Centre Hall
Potter " S P	Alexander McCoy	Pot'rs Mills
Rush " N P	Thomas James,	Philipsburg
Rush " S P	Harry S Stuart,	Sandy Ridge
Snow Shoe E P	J I Yarnell	Snow Shoe
" W P	Boston Viehdorfer,	Moshannon
Spring Twp N P	Wm Saylor Sr.	Bellefonte
Spring " S P	M F Riddle	Pleasant Gap
Spring " W P	Wryeman T Noll,	Bellefonte
Taylor "	Christ Sharer	Hannah
Union "	Lundy Lucas	Fleming
Worth "	H H Osman	Port Matilda
Walker "	Irvin Yarnell	Hublersburg
" "	George Gobble	Nittany
" "	Christ Decker	Zion



Republican State Ticket.

FOR GOVENOR
WM. A. STONE,
Of Allegheny.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
J. P. S. GOBIN,
of Lebanon.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
JAMES W. LATTA,
of Philadelphia.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPERIOR COURT.
WILLIAM W. PORTER,
of Philadelphia.
WILLIAM DAVID PORTER,
Of Allegheny.

FOR CONGRESS-AT-LARGE,
SAMUEL A. DAVENPORT,
of Erie.
GALUSHA A. GROW.
of Susquehanna.

Tyrone's Big Flag.

The largest flag in the world will be suspended from a cable stretched between the summits of the two mountain ranges at the eastern entrance to Tyrone. This hugh American flag will be 60x100 feet in size and will contain 1000 square yards of bunting. The cable supporting it will be ¾ inch in thickness and 3,200 feet long. Saturday Aug. 20th is the day fixed upon which the Stars and Stripes in glorious and hitherto unprecedent immensity and prominence, will be floated above the fair Juniata valley at Tyrone. It will be a memorable occasion. This paper acknowledges the receipt of an invitation.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

"A PERFECT FOOD—as Wholesome as it is Delicious."

WALTER BAKER & CO.'S

BREAKFAST COCOA

"Has stood the test of more than 100 years' use among all classes, and for purity and honest worth is unequalled."
—Medical and Surgical Journal.

Costs less than ONE CENT a Cup.
Trade-Mark on Every Package.

WALTER BAKER & CO. LTD.,
TRADE-MARK. Established 1780. DORCHESTER, MASS.

COL. REEDER WITHDRAWS.

In the Interest of Harmony He Will Not Be a Candidate for State Senator.

Politicians were startled this morning by the announcement of Deputy Attorney General Reeder of his intention of withdrawing from the senatorial fight here in favor of his rival, Ex-Representative P. E. Womelsdorff, of Philipsburg. The other side, by circulating the report yesterday of the insincerity of Col. Reeder's canvass, expected to injure the Colonel and at the same time weaken the other side in the congressional fight. While Col. Reeder had to be sacrificed his withdrawal has placed the Hastings faction in a very strong position in the congressional fight, and all forces will now be turned in that direction. This unfounded report shows to what great straights the anti-Dale forces have been driven to and their movements in the few remaining days left, will be watched with a great deal of interest. The action of Col. Reeder and Mr. Womelsdorff in thus coming to an agreement, is entirely in the interest of harmony and in the hopes of healing differences which have existed for years between the Republicans here and in Philipsburg. That this is their only motive is apparent from this circular, which appeared this morning:

BELLEFONTE, PA., Aug. 10, 1898.

We the undersigned candidates in Centre county for the Republican nomination for State Senator, from the 34th District, have this day arrived at a satisfactory understanding. By this arrangement Mr. Womelsdorff shall have the Conferees of Centre county without any opposition or further contest.

WILBUR F. REEDER
P. E. WOMELSDORFF.

While the Arnold faction will undoubtedly contend that a deal has been entered into between the supporters of Hastings and Womelsdorff in connection with the Congressional fight, this is bluntly denied by the other side and they state that the entire purpose is to prevent any local differences from entering into the fight against Congressman Arnold.

Clement Dale is making a strong campaign throughout the county. The Dale family, of which the candidate is a member, is one of the largest and most representative families in this county. This together with the fact that he has the Hastings influence, seems to assure his nomination.

Camp Elections.

Governor Hastings thinks that elections can be held in the camps of the Pennsylvania soldiers and the returns properly made for about $10,000. This money will be raised by private subscription, the subscribers depending on reimbursement on the next legislature. The executive is unwilling to call an extra session, costing from $150.000 to $200,000, to make a $10,000 appropriation. Commissioners will be appointed to bring the returns from the camps.

BRING HOME THE NATION'S DEAD.

Since Governor Andrews telegraphed to Baltimore to send home the dead of the Massachusetts Sixth "tenderly" no official action has been so nearly like the Massachusetts war Governor's as President McKinley's decision, now first announced, that the dead at Santiago shall be sent home by the nation, each to be buried with his kin by his family.

These graves, as they will lie the land over, North and South, under the palmetto and the pine, white and black alike, in the great interior, and on each ocean coast, in each city cemetery and village graveyard, will teach their perpetual lesson of patriotism. In many a Southern and Northern countryside these new graves of the nation's dead will be laid away by earlier mounds, greener and lower of the Revolution, of the War of 1812, of the Mexican War and of that greater struggle, of which every cemetery and graveyard has its share and its hero, and whose last and final reconciliation between the sections the dead of Santiago sealed with their blood.

When a May of peace a year hence brings again the Northern Memorial day of commemoration, of patriotism and of national devotion and an earlier day a like anniversary of glory and of garlands for the South on these new-made mounds will be laid by both sections without bitterness, with mutual love and respect, in perpetual reconciliation and abiding fealty to a common flag, the flowers of the North and the South, of the East and the West, united for all time in the common service of humanity and liberty, for which these men died.

Hold on to the Philippines

No, Mr. McKinley, don't give up the Philippines. Let it be a permanent peace—peace for all the time and all the world.—New York Herald.

We did not enter into war for territorial acquisition, it is true, but war has brought us responsibilities which we cannot shirk.

We cannot plunge Europe into a bitter and armed controversy over the disposition and partition of the islands. It is our bounden duty to give them a stable and enlightened form of government and to prevent the general European war which our abandonment or neglect of them would foment.

There is but one safe path to pursue when we come to settle up this war business, and that is to keep all that we have won.

It is the only way in which we can indemnify ourselves, but that is a small point when compared with the maintenance of general peace and enlightened progress.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

We do not claim to be wiser than other men, perhaps those in authority at Washington, have a longer vision than we, but we have a presentment that if this war is settled by returning the Philippines to Spain, it will not end there but will come up again, to trouble us until we are compelled to do justice.

God has prospered us because we were right, because we were the instruments in his hands to execute his will. He has given us a trust, if we are unfaithful to our obligations under it, he will bring us back to the path of duty, if he marches us through seas of blood. If we carry out his will, he will open the way for us to execute every obligation in harmony with the trend of twentieth century civilization.

Dare we then give up the Philippines, returning those people to the barbarism of the fifteenth century and a condition of slavery worse than death. Dare we refuse to execute the plain will of God.

We hope our country will measure up to the full statute of its obligations and duties, by holding all that by the will of the supreme being and the fortunes of war have fallen into our possession.

NO HUMBUG HERE

Bellefonte endorsement is what Counts with the Bellefonte Public.

You can't fool the public all the time.
They will find you out at last.
Every time a man is fooled,
Another skeptic is made.
Many the remedy that makes the skeptic
It fails to keep its promise.
Doan's Kidney Pills bring renewed faith.
They cure the skeptic.
Plenty of proof of this at home.
Bellefonte proof for Bellefonte people.
Our citizens say they cure backache.
Cure urinary disorders.
Cure sick kidneys.
Experience has taught them this is so.
Conviction for every sufferer.
In the testimony of friends and neighbors.
Read this case.

Mr. William Valence, of 226 High street Night Watchman says: "For over two years or more, off and on, I had been troubled with my back and from pains in the upper part of my spine accompanied by a disagreeable feeling in my head and acute lameness right over my kidneys. At first I thought it was my liver but later found it arose from the kidneys not acting properly. I read of the many cures that had been made here at home by Doan's Kidney Pills, and I got them at F. Potts Green's drug store, They stopped the annoyance from the kidneys and removed the lameness and aching in my back. They did me any amount of good and I do not hesitate to recommend them for I have been feeling well ever since."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo. N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

HELP the Red Cross.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 8th 1898

President McKinley is so confident from the assurances he has received that the Spanish government will, as soon as it can with safety to itself formally accept our terms of peace that he is devoting considerable time to deciding upon just the right men to represent the U. S. upon the commission that will be charged with the important and delicate duty of negotiating the treaty of peace between the U. S. and Spain. Notwithstanding his confidence, there is a limit to the time he is willing to give the Spanish government to square itself with the people of Spain. The French Ambassador, who is representing Spain, in Washington, has been told that unless the terms of peace are accepted in a given time, they will be withdrawn, and that if they are withdrawn, it is intended by this government to carry the war into Spain at once, and that no such magnanimous terms will be again offered.

The news from General Miles continues good. More than half of Porto Rico is already in his possession and he is steadily extending his lines, without fighting.

Gen. Shafter's army is being brought away from Santiago just as fast as the ships at hand can get them away, in order to give the men a chance to recuperate.

President McKinley gave the two Cincinnati boys who started the idea of raising, by contributions from school children, the money to buy the finest battleship in the world, for presentation to the U. S., and to be named the American Boy, a letter endorsing their project and saying: "I am sure the boys and girls will deem it a privilege to be numbered among the contributors to this patriotic undertaking." Master W. Rankin Good, of Cincinnati, President of the National American Boy Fund, and a companion, had a very pleasent interview with the President—two interviews, in fact.

The Department of State has been officially notified that an international Congress, for the purpose of discussing tariff legislation and the regulation of labor, will be held at Antwerp, Belgium, from Sept. 12th to 17th inclusive. Public economists, socialists, manufacturers, merchants, employers and workmen are invited to take part. The points from which there questions are viewed by Americans and Europeans, are so wide apart that few Americans are likely to attend this Congress, except from curiosity. Americans have a tariff system now that is bringing them great prosperity, and countries that are prosperious have little difficulty in the regulation of labor.

Not only is the American manufacturer holding his own market under the Dingley tariff law, but he is pushing his goods into all the markets of the world at a rate that must be astonishing to those who claim that a protective tariff would cause our Manufacturers to lose all their foreign trade. It was generally known long before the bureau of statistics could foot up the figures and announce the grand total, that our exportation of agricultural products during the last fiscal year, was largely in excess of any single year in the history of the country, and it is now known that our exportation of manufactured articles during the last fiscal year, exceeded that of any other year, by nearly $12,000,000, and reached in value the enormous sum of $288,871,449, and, what is still more gratifying, our imports of manufactured articles during the same period, were unusually light, showing that our manufacturers have recovered control of the home market, which they partially lost under the low tariff law, enacted by the democrats, as well as increased their foreign trade. These are the sort of facts that will have to be forgotten before the people of this country vote the democratic party back into power, they are also the sort of facts that speak for themselves and need no labored argument to make them understood.

Surgeon-General Sternberg has written a general defense of the medical corps of the army and himself from attacks made upon them, many of which he says were instigated by those who became offended at his opposition to sending female nurses to camps of instruction or with the army in the field. He says the only trouble with the medical corps is that there are not enough surgeons in the army, even in peace; that it is probable that in taking on about 300 contract surgeons, some incompetence may have slipped in, owing to hurried examinations. Of the shortage of medical supplies at Santiago, he says: The principal reason was that the supplies were left behind when the army left Tampa, owing to lack of transportation facilities, and one of the minor reasons was the delay in landing supplies of all kinds at Siboney.

Dewey's Fleet.

Dewey's great victory at Manila will be celebrated by a reproduction of the capturing of the Spanish. It will take place in Bald Eagle creek, at iron bridge, in Milesburg, Saturday evening, August 13th, 1898, at 7 p. m. An elegant prize will be given to the one that captures the flag. Grand races will also take place during the evening consisting of a bicycle race, foot race, and sack race, for which valuable prizes will be given. Other laughable amusements will take place at Bullock's new building.

Refreshments of all kinds will be served consisting of ice cream, candies, confectionery, etc. Proceeds for the benefit of Milesburg Castle 222, K. G. E. Everybody come and take a hearty laugh. Good music will be furnished by the Milesburg band.

HOWARD ITEMS.

Miss Burns returned home on Saturday after spending the past two weeks with friends at Milton.

Mr. John N. Lauth, of St. Louis Mo., is visiting his mother, Mrs. B. Lauth.

Mr. Cameron Burnside and wife are visiting Mrs. B's mother, Mrs. B. Lauth.

Mr. William Wilhelm, of Buffalo, who is connected with the Buffalo Electrotype Engraving Co. of that place, is the guest of Mrs. B. Lauth. Mr. Wilhelm was at one time one of our leading politicans and his many friends are glad to see him.

Mr. James Butler, from Dakota is visiting at the home of Mr. A. M. Butler.

Mr. R. C. Daley, of Camp Thomas, arrived home on Tuesday and expects to spend the next ten days shaking hands with his many friends. He looks hale and hearty.

Mr. Wm. Weber made a flying trip to Bellefonte on Monday.

Mr. John Hopkins wife and daughter, Miss Hannah, of Jackson Md., are visiting at the home of Mr. N. R. Hopkins.

Mr. J. B. Wetzel, our Foundryman, received a car load of Traction Engines this week.

Mr. A. Weber has erected a new porch in front of his residence, on Main St. and when finished will be a great improvement to the property.

Miss Edith Cook, of Philadelphia, left on Tuesday for Muncy. She was the guest of Mr. R. P. Long, while here.

Mr. W. L. Cook, our obliging Station agent, is erecting a new stable so as to have good winter quarters for his $2.00, nag.

Our Town Council has laid a 3 mill tax for Borough purposes.

Our Borough dads have 10 men working on the streets, yet the west end of main St. has had no work on it for the past 15 years and is in a very bad condition.

Last week the school directors had a sitting to paint the school house. There were four bids received. The lowest being $80. Mr. Z. T. Rearick's bid and of course he will do the work, notwithstanding that he took suddenly sick.

Our Hose House would be greatly improved if it had a new coate of paint.

The festival held on Saturday by the members of the United Evangelical church of this place was a grand success. The amount cleared was $40.

Their will be a Corn Social on next Friday evening at the residence of Miss Martha Lucas on Walnut street. Everybody is invited.

AXE MANN ITEMS.

J. C. Burns left for Scranton last week where he has employment.

Miller & Kurtz expect to start their cider press this coming week Any one desiring to have good cider made should give them a call.

DIED—On Tuesday afternoon at 3 o,clock, Margaret the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs Stewart Flack. Death due to Whooping cough and Cholera Infantum. Interment was made in the Lutheran cemetery at Pleasant Gap this morning at 10 o'clock.

R. M. Kaup and family spent Sunday with friends at Houserville,

Mrs. Scanlon returned home last week after spending five weeks among friends in Elmira, N. Y., and other cities.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Brown attended the funeral of Mrs. Brown's mother at Spring Mills on Monday.

Quite a number of young folks of our town took in the festival at Pleasant Gap last Saturday evening.

Mr. Beck and family of Jacksonville visited his home at this place during the past week.

Mrs. Emma Garis left last Friday afternoon for Chickamauga where her husband Sergeant Charles Garis has been seriously ill for some time.

The rainy weather which has been for the last week or two, has kept the farmers back from hauling in their oats, and they are afraid that a good lot of it will be spoiled.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Steele spent several days with the formers sister Mrs Allison of Spring Mills.

Mr. J. C. Rote is at present visiting his mother at Aaronsburg.

Our assistant Supervisor H. Bilger is making up the roads in this section this week, which was badly needed especially the mill bridge.

Mr. Harry Boop and bride are at present visiting relatives at Union County.

A few of the young ladies and gentlemen of Axe Mann had a select picnic on the top of Nittany mountain on Sunday.

Mr Alfred Rishel and family spent Sunday with relatives at Lemont.

Mrs. Alvin Stover and family of Bellefonte spent several days at the home of Mr. Rishel during the past week.

On Face and Hands

Terrible Itching Sores Break Out, Preventing Rest Night or Day—How Relief Was Found.

"I have been troubled for many years with itching sores on my face and hands. I could not rest night or day and the medicine I took did not relieve me, although I tried everything I could hear of. My husband one day got me a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and I began taking it with the very best results. I have taken seven bottles and am now cured." MRS. JAMES MCLAIN, Mount Arlington, N. J.

"Last winter I broke out with sores on my face. They were as large as a five cent piece. I heard people say so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla that I determined to try it. In a week after I began taking it the sores commenced to heal, and in a short time they were entirely cured." ARTHUR G. TUNISON, Karrsville, N. J.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1; six for $5. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT

CONGRESS.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—Please announce my name as a candidate for Congress in the 28th Congressional District of Pennsylvania, subject to the rules governing the Republican Primaries of Centre County and the decision of the Conferees representing the different counties of the district.

CLEMENT DALE.

Bellefonte, Pa., July 21, 1898.

We are authorized to announce the name of William C. Arnold, as a candidate for Congress in the 28th Congressional district of Pennsylvania, subject to the rules governing the Republican primaries of Centre county and the decision of the conferees representing the different counties of the district.

LEGISLATURE.

We are authorized to announce the name of C. P. Long, (Gregg Township) as a candidate for Legislator, subject to the decision of the Republican convention.

Spring Mills, Pa., July 30, 1898.

We are authorized to announce as a candidate for the Legislature E. F. Townsend, of Philipsburg, subject to the decision of the Republican County convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of JOHN A. DALEY, of Curtin Township, as a candidate for the Legislature, subject to the decision of the Republican county convention.

PROTHONOTARY.

I hereby announce my name as a candidate for Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Republican convention.

A. C. WILLIAMS,
Huston Twp.

Stop drugging yourself with quack nostrums or cures. Get a well-known parmaceutical remedy that will do the work. Catarrh and cold in the head will not cause suffering if Ely's Cream Balm is used. Druggists will supply 10c. trial size or 50c. full size. We mail it.

ELY BROS., 56 Warren st., N.Y. City.

Rev. John Reid, jr., of Great Falls Mont., recommended Ely's Cream Balm to me. "It is a positive cure for catarrh if used as directed."—Rev. Francis W. Poole, Pastor Central Pres. Church, Helena, Mont.

War and Potatoes.

War has had the effect of raising the price of many edibles but very few people know that the Irish potato is already higher than in years past at the same season. This is not due to a shortage in crop, for reports coming from various sections show that it is about normal, but entirely to an increase in demand. The war with Spain has been largely responsible for this increased demand, for the United States government is buying everything in the way of old potatoes to forward to the troops encamped in various parts of the country, and those engaged in the invasion of Cuba and the Philippines. For several months past the government agents have been securing vast stores of old potatoes. The gain in the regular demand caused by this drain has been filled with orders for new potatoes, and they have constantly risen in price somewhat, and should the war continue much longer, are liable to go still higher.

Swedish Philosophy.

Yo can talk about religion,
An call it ugly name,
But ef yo goo to heaven oop
Yo must haf it—yust te same.

The real trials of married life come oop en te davorce court aye tank.

Sometems yo find a faller vat ought to lat hes viskers grow so peoples vill not be expose to hes face.

Et es batter to pay cash for a hant-made-down suit clothes as et es to owe tailor man for von vat es latest style.

Ven young faller laff at hes parents beosuse dey var nit en style aye tank et es right tem for hem to go an kech hessal.

Never try to part two dogs dat balong to som odder fallers. Ef yo do an dey bane fightin poorty hard tak hold of von vat balong to littleist faller.

Somtems yo see faller vat vill step higher as a blind horse yust because hae vin yack pot on par yacks. Te only reason hae do et es because odder faller vas kind enough not to haf queens.

BISMARCK was a brainy man, no doubt, but he was never a friend of our Uncle Samuel.

HOW STONE LOST HIS JOB.

He Was the Original Offensive Partisan.

REFUSED TO TAKE ORDERS.

When President Cleveland Prohibited Republican Office Holders From Serving Their Party, Colonel Stone Promptly Went on the Stump—The Campaign to Open With a Bang of Big Guns at Pittsburg and to Be Full of Speech Making.

(Special Correspondence.)

Philadelphia, Aug. 9.—"I suppose I will have to plead guilty to originating one expression in the political language of the country, although I don't give utterance to it," said the Republican candidate for governor the other day. Colonel Stone is temporarily sojourning at Atlantic City, but comes up to town frequently. While the campaign will not be formally opened until the second week of September, when the State League of Republican clubs meet at Pittsburg, the party enthusiasm has declined to await on formalities this year, and the calls for Colonel Stone have been so frequent that he will have but little time outside of his own state between now and the election.

He has always been a good campaigner, since he began making Republican speeches before he was of age, and his remark quoted above had reference to this phrase, "offensive partisanship," which he was the occasion for President Cleveland to embalm among the modern classics of political expression. Colonel Stone was the original offensive partisan. He happened to be United States district attorney for the western district of Pennsylvania when the state campaign of 1886 came on, and in pursuance of President Cleveland's attempt to emasculate as many leading Republicans as possible, received an intimation that if he did not display offensive partisanship, which is to say if he would sit on the fence and let his party ticket look out for itself, he could retain his office.

That is just what he didn't do. He went on the stump at the first call from the state committee, and President Cleveland promptly exacted the penalty by putting a man in his place whose partisanship, being Democratic, was presumably innocuous.

If the president had wanted a vacancy in that office he could not have devised a better way to get it, for one look at the head and neck that top out the gigantic figure of the present Republican candidate for governor is enough to indicate that he is not well built for taking orders from anybody. He is deliberate in the extreme in making up his mind, as is usually the habit with farm bred men, who like to roll a subject over from one end of the furrow to the other and back again, but he doesn't sub-let the contract to anybody else, and his convictions will all stand without being hitched.

He comes naturally by his disposition, with New England blood on the one side of his ancestry, and Pennsylvania German on the other. His father, although only a 50 acre farmer, a poor man all his life, was the general trust officer of the neighborhood, and for 20 years before his death nobody in the township thought of making a will without getting him to write it, and appointing him executor of the estate. He was naturally, of course, a man who liked to be the head of his own household, and so, when the present candidate for governor, at the age of 15, went after the cows one night, and didn't come back, but followed his two older brothers to the army instead, the old gentleman promptly went after him and got him discharged. But he shortly discovered what President Cleveland found out in 1886, that whether it was his country or his party that he thought needed his services, his son couldn't be held back. It was only a short time till he ran away and enlisted again, and this time his father concluded he might as well let him go.

He showed the same independent spirit in the matter of his first nomination for congress. The delegates had been elected in the interest of the then sitting member, Colonel Thomas M. Bayne, but at the last moment he astonished everybody by declining a renomination, and turned it over to Colonel Stone, who had not previously been mentioned as a candidate. There had been no contest, and the district was so overwhelmingly Republican that any dissatisfaction which might have arisen from this unusual circumstance would have had no effect on the result, but Colonel Stone promptly declined to receive a nomination on anybody else's credit, and went into new primaries and won out on his own strength.

One of the best descriptions of how he impresses people as a campaigner, by the way, appeared in the Scranton Tribune last week, as follows:

"Colonel Stone, the Republican nominee for governor, is not a popinjay, nor a poseur, as those who met him yesterday can attest. He is a modest, straightforward and unassuming man, who without any flourishes impresses the observer with his reserve strength and his sincerity. No man who looks him steadily in the eyes or takes careful measure of his words and manner will depart from his presence with a feeling of skepticism as to his integrity or his moral courage. The clean grit and stubborn fiber of the obscure Tioga county farmer boy who worked his way to the front by sheer dint of persevering studiousness and industry is in him yet, and also the candor and the total absence of vain pretension.

"Colonel Stone is not an orator and does not try to be. Those who shall go to hear him during the ensuing campaign with the expectation of hearing a thrilling exercise in word jugglery will be disappointed, because he is not that kind of a man. In speech he often becomes eloquent, but it is the rugged eloquence of honest earnestness, without a suggestion of stage play or make believe. His meeting with the people is hand to hand and face to face, entirely candid and unaffected. He indulges in no theatric attempts to win applause or capture popular favor. He says his say with homely directness and his hearers are then left to judge of it for themselves.

"It is evident that Colonel Stone's brief visit to this region—which is merely preliminary—that the Republican candidate for governor will grow steadily upon the public respect and confidence the more he meets the people of the commonwealth. In his presence the electorate will be conscious, not of the hysteria which is a predominant characteristic of the various so-called reform movements of the day, nor of the semi-humorous thimble rigging which seems to be inseparable from the Pennsylvania Democracy since the death of Samuel J. Randall, but it will experience instead the tranquillity of assurance which comes from confident mastery of the situation. It will come to realize ere the campaign is ended that in Colonel Stone we are to have a governor fit to face the full measure of the solemn responsibilities of the office."

Most Republicans in the state will have a chance to verify this description for themselves between now and November, for this is going to be an active stumping campaign, and when it opens in Pittsburg next month it will open with a bang of big guns. While there is a general feeling of confidence that it will be as easy as Porto Rico, there is an equally general feeling, inside and outside of the state, that in Pennsylvania, as in Porto Rico, for the sake of the moral effect the victory ought to be majestically large and decisive.

GEORGE H. WELSHONS.

Liver Ills

Like biliousness, dyspepsia, headache, constipation, sour stomach, indigestion are promptly cured by Hood's Pills. They do their work

Hood's Pills

easily and thoroughly. Best after dinner pills. 25 cents. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pill to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Pushing Onward.

Ponce, Porto Rico, August 8.—A general advance of the American force began yesterday morning. The remainder of General Ernst's brigade constituting the advance center, supported by two batteries, moved out at 6 o'clock, and a part of the Eleventh infantry of General Henry's division started to the left towards Adjuntas. Troop A, of New York, the Philadelphia City Troop and Troop H, of the Sixth regulars, are conveying General Brooke's transportation column along the coast road through Satinas to Arroyo.

Wire communications with Gen. Brooke, on the right, has not yet been established.

Colonel Rice, of General Miles' staff, will probably be assigned to the command of the Six Massachusetts.

Sunday evening, August 8—Gen. Wilson has moved the headquarters of his division from Ponce to Juan Diaz.

General Schwan, with the Eleventh regular infantry and two batteries, moved yesterday through Yauco towards Mayaguez. General Brooke is moving north from Guayama with 10,000 men.

The Flag Girl.

The flag girl is coming on nicely. But this one was just a little more beflagged than usual. She wore a stock of white satin ribbon, patterned with Old Glory and so tied that no less than three separate rows ran round her neck. Down the middle front plait of her patriotic shirt waist were pinned a dozen or so small flag brooches. The pocketbook she carried in her hand was stamped with flags. And she had to flag the conductor on the cable car when she wanted to alight, because she could only speak German.

Picnic at Hunter's Park.

On last Saturday a party of young people from State College held a picnic at beautiful Hunter's Park along the line of the Bellefonte Central railroad: The day was a beautiful one and everyone enjoyed themselves thoroughly.

Among those present from State College were: Sadie Kline, Ed M. Porter, Harry Sower, Ollie Smith John McWilliams, Maggie Tanyer, H. Johnstonbaugh, Pressie Ray, Emma Stephens, Mabel Smith, Morris Smith and Robert Goheen.

American protective Tariff League.

"The Blight of Free Trade—The Blessings of Protection," is the title of a document issued by the American Protective Tariff League. This Document clearly demonstrates the effect of the system of Free Trade under the Wilson Tariff, and of Protection under the Dingley Tariff. It is based on the result of the Tariff League's Industrial Census, and should be in the hands of every voter. Seven copies to any address for six cents. Address W. F. Wakeman, General Secretary, No. 135 West 23d Street, New York.

Manila's Fate Is Now Sealed

(Continued from firstpage.)

statement cabled to the United States that he had cabled direct to Washington on the subject of Spain's acceptance of the American peace conditions, categorically and emphatically denied that he had sent any such communications.

The premier added: "The negotiations will follow the usual diplomatic course; and M. Cambon, the French ambassador at Washington will present Spain's note to President McKinley."

PONCE, PORTO RICO, Aug. 9.—Gen. Brooke is here in conference with Maj. Gen. Miles. His force is still at Guayama. A force of about 400 regulars, Spanish troops, are stationed about eight miles away.

The United States cruiser Montgomery and the hospital ship Relief have arrived at the port of Ponce.

NEW YORK, Aug. 9.—According to advices received from Havana by the Cuban junta, Capt. Gen. Blanco appreciates the fact that he must soon withdraw himself and his forces from the island of Cuba. He assumed a mildness of demeanor which compares strangely with his previous bombastic attitude and frequently expressed determination to hold out in Havana to the death, and he is treating the insurgents with great consideration.

In a recent proclamation he made known to the Spanish people of Cuba that Spain, through the intervention of foreign powers, had been forced to the disgraceful issue of suing for peace, and that there would be no more war and no further use for soldiers. He offered a pardon to all Cuban political prisoners and more than 156 were released in Havana.

In explaining Spain's defeat in his proclamation Capt.-Gen. Blanco informs his readers that Spain having suffered so much in the present war, could not resist the interference of the foreign powers and go to war with all countries at once, so she was compelled to accede to their dictation and sue for peace. Havana, he says, will be given to Americans and Cubans, and the Spaniards will be forced to evacuate.

Capt. Gen. Blanco assures the soldiers and all Spanish residents who wish to return to Spain or go to other Spanish possessions that they will get free transportation, given by their mother country, to the destination, and will be protected from interference from either Cubans or Americans. He suggests that the Cubans be forgiven and no longer regarded as enemies, and that no unkind feelings be cherished.

NEW YORK, Aug. 9.—A dozen ambulances from the Red Cross society have arrived at Montauk Point, and Col. Forward is going on with his preparations to provide for the care of the sick soldiers who are to arrive from Santiago.

MADRID, Aug. 8.—The cabinet council terminated after having completely approved the reply to the United States, which, it is said, accepts the American conditions.

The reply was telegraphed to Senor Leon y Castillo, the Spanish ambassador to France, last night, so that M. Cambon, the French ambassador at Washington, will receive it to-day.

The government is fully convinced that the note will be satisfactory to the Washington government and that a suspension of hostilities will be its immediate consequence.

LONDON, Aug. 8.—The Madrid correspondent of the Times, telegraphing Sunday, says:

"To-day all the best authorities agree that the government has decided to accept the American conditions. President McKinley's reply to Spain's request for explanations reached Madrid Friday evening. The text has not been divulged, but it is known that it brought little consolation.

"President McKinley turned a deaf ear to the suggestion that Porto Rico might be left to Spain and compensation sought elsewhere. Regarding the Philippines, the reply was not altogether satisfactory, but it was of such a nature that there was no longer any necessity for postponing a decision on the main question.

"Meantime Senor Sagasta's extensive consultations seemed to leave no doubt that the nation wants peace. I do not mean to say that all declared this in plain language. On the contrary, there was a deal of reticence. Some persons had more or less clearly expressed the idea that the best men in the country would patriotically forget for the moment all personal and party considerations and cordially and disinterestedly endeavor to assist the government in its difficulties.

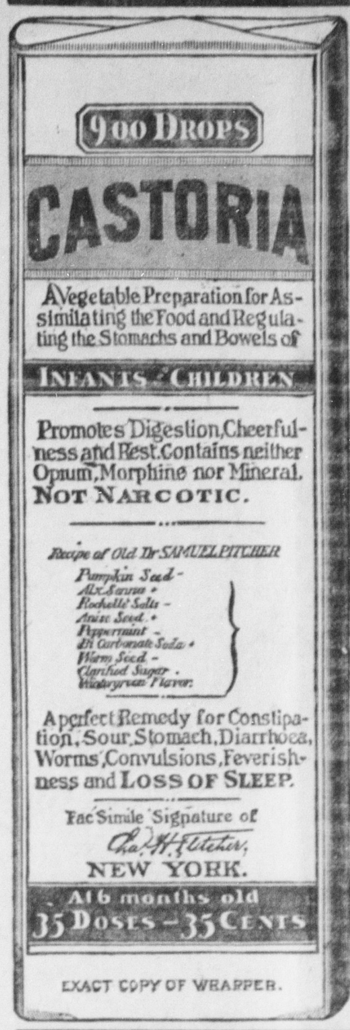
"This idea, however, if it was ever seriously entertained, was not realized. Perhaps one or two acted in this spirit, but in most cases the cloven foot of the politician peeps out occasionally under the flowing robes of the patriot. Some only half concealed their suspicious that Senor Sagasta, in professing to consult the matter seriously in a great crisis of the national history, was in reality playing the part of an old parliamentary hand and astutely laying traps for his political rivals.

"If these suspicions had any real foundation, Sagasta must be a consummate actor, for in all the interviews he spoke with apparent frankness and a sincerity and personal disinterestedness that might well have disarmed all but the most hardened politicians. Even when it was suggested that he ought to leave to more capable hands the task of concluding peace, he displayed no impatience or resentment, He even showed the most perfect courtesy to Senor Romero y Robledo, listening with rapt attention to his absurd proposals.

"As to the context of Spain's reply the oracles differ. Some say it contains no contentious matter, accepts simply in principle the four demands of President McKinley's first communication and suggests an immediate suspension of hostilities. On the other hand, others affirm that it is prefaced by an account of the origin of the war, tending to prove that, as Spain was in no sense the aggressor, she ought not to be expected to pay a war indemnity either in money or territory."

—Word comes from Canoe township, Indiana county, that 11 men were prostrated by lightning in the barn of Abram Pierce. Melvin Pierce, aged 22, lived but t few minutes and Clark McFarland one of the injured men, has died since.

—There will be two full moons in August. One occured on the first day and one will occur on the last. Full moons occur twice in the same month only once in about three years, and there will not be two full moons in one month again till the year of nineteen hundred and one.


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE FIFTH'S NEW CHAPLAIN.

The Great Temperance Advocate Will Join the Volunteers.

The new chaplian of the Fifth regiment, Pennsylvania volunteers, is Francis Murphy, the leading exponent of temperance in the country. He, on Thursday, went to Bedford Springs, where he received his commission from Governor Hastings. In speaking of the appointment the Pittsburg Commercial Gazette says:

"Mr. Murphy takes the place of Chaplain Joseph F. Hartman, of Altoona, who resigned a month ago to resume his church duties. Mr. Murphy was selected by the governor as soon as he learned of the resignation, but his appointment was delayed, owing to the failure of the war department to accept Rev. Hartman's resignation. There were many applicants for the place, but Mr. Murphy had announced some time ago that such an appointment would be received by him with favor, as he desired to serve his country, and thought of no better way than in the capacity of chaplain and worker among the men of the camp to which he was assigned. The new chaplain's commission has been forwarded to the governor at Bedford Springs.

"The telegram from the governor asking Mr. Murphy to state whether he would accept and to fix a time to meet the governor was received Sunday. Mrs. Murphy said last night that it was somewhat of a surprise at this late day, but after Mr. Murphy had talked it over with her he decided to accept and so notified the governor Monday. She packed his valise for him and prepared bim for every emergency in the way of fevers and sickness, and he carried with him a large number of Murphy pledges to be used in camp. She was sorry to see him leave, but he thought it his duty, and even though he had to go to Havana or some other fever-stricken spot, said he would be of more use there than any other place he could think of.

"Mr. Murphy's work is well known. Unofficial figures place the number of men who have been saved by his teaching and influence at millions. He is 62 years of age, but still healthy and strong. He came to this country when a young boy from Ireland, and has long been a resident of Pittsburg, where he owns a beautiful little home on Shetland avenue, East End. For twenty-nine years Mr. Murphy has labored in temperance work and is well known in every large city in the United States. When the civil war broke out he joined a Maine regiment as a private and served three years.

"The evangelist has prepared to carry on the work at Chickamauga, or wherever else he goes. He will attend to his regular duties as chaplain of his regiment and besides will hold temperance meetings among the soldiers, and work hard to convert all to his views. Those of his friends who know his great personal magnetism say there will be few drunkards where Francis Murphy goes. If Mr. Murphy is ordered to Cuba he will preach temperance and sanitation to the Cubans, and will hold meetings in Havana."

GEN. Miles is proving himself the right man in the right place. Some persons were disposed to think at the beginning of hostilities that he was more of a dress parade general than the real, Simon-pure stuff. But he's all right.

A Small Number Passed.

Dr. Charles T. George, secretary of the Pennsylvania state pharmaceutical examining board for the examination of applicants reported that on July 30, in Williamsport, 103 persons presented themselves for examination as registered pharmacists, and forty-one to be qualified assistants. Twelve of the former and twenty-two of the latter class succeeded in passing a successful examination and were ordered to be registered, and will receive their certificates of registration in due time. The total number passed out of 103 was 34, an exceptionally small percentage, although yearly the list of successful ones has been shrinking.

Signs That Have Failed.

Twenty-one days have passed since St. Swithin's day, and during that period it rained twelve days, and one day a trace of rain was reported. According to the old saying if it rains on St. Swithin's day it will rain for forty days. This sign has failed, at least so far as the present year is concerned. July 15 was St. Swithin's day and from that date to the end of last month rain fell nine days, it rained three days in August, and on one day there was a trace of rain.

CATARRH A LOCAL DISEASE

A CLIMATIC AFFECTION

COLD IN HEAD

Nothing but a local remedy or a change of climate will cure it.

Get a well-known pharmaceutical remedy.

Ely's Cream Balm

It is quickly Absorbed. Gives Relief at once.

Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Cocaine No Mercury, No Injurious drugs. Full size 50c; Trial size 10c, at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., N. Y.

COURT PROCLAMATION—Whereas the Honorable J. G. Love, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 49th Judicial District, consisting of the county of Centre, having issued his precept, bearing date of the 27th day of July, 1898, to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Peace in Bellefonte, for the County of Centre and to commence on the 4th Monday of August, being the 22nd day of August, 1898, and to continue one week. Notice is hereby given to the coroner, justice of the peace, aldermen and constables of said County of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the 22nd, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 27th day of July, in the year of our Lord 1898, and the one hundred and twenty-second year of the independence of the United States. W. M. CRONISTER, Sheriff.

Bellefonte Markets

Corrected weekly by Gerberich, Hale & Co. The following quotations are taken at noon on Wednesday of each week

PER BUSHEL		PER TON	
Wheat, new	65c	Ground Plaster	$8.00
Red Wheat	65c	PER BUSHEL	
Rye	60c	Buckwheat	30c
Corn, shelled	40c	Cloverseed	
Corn, ears	40c	Crimson Clover Seed	$3.00
Oats, old	30c		
Oats, new	30		

PRODUCE MARKETS.

Corrected weekly by Sechler & Co.

PER POUND		PER BUSHEL	
Lard	07c	Potatoes	40
Country Shoulders	06c	Onions	50
Country Sides	06c	PER DOZEN	
Country Hams	09	Eggs	10c
Tallow	03c		
Butter	17c		

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—Letters of administration on the estate of John Reese, late of Spring twp., having been granted to the undersigned he requests all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN S. WALKER, Administrator, Bellefonte, Pa.

a5 6t

IMPERIAL AMERICA!

Hawaiian Commissioners Hold an Important Meeting.

SOMEWHAT OF A PROGRAMME

Speeches Are Delivered by Senator Morgan, Senator Cullom and Ex-Senator Reagan, All in the Line of Expansion.

COMMISSIONERS ARE EN ROUTE

CHICAGO, August 5.—The *Hawaiian* commission, composed of Senator Cullom, of Illinois; Senator Morgan, of Alabama, and Representative Hitt, of Illinois, met here yesterday and had informal talks with a number of business men. They were given a luncheon by Hon. Alex H. Revell, president of the Union League club, where they met a number of prominent Chicagoians. There were forty guests. The room was decorated with American flags. Among the guests were Comptroller Dawes, ex-Senator Reagan, of Texas, *Hon.* George F. Adams, Hon. Thomas B. Bryan, John J. Mitchell, Hon. William Penn Nixon, H. *H.* Kohlsaat, General John McNulta, Dr. William R. Harper and Dr. Harry Wade Rodgers. After the coffee the members of the commission and others made brief speeches.

Senator *Morgan* said the annexation of Hawaii would result in the construction of the Nicaragua canal. [Applause.] Cuba was free, Porto Rico belonged to the United States. Hawaii was annexed and the canal was unavoidable. Our flag had been raised in the Philippines and no man in America would permit it to be hauled down. [Applause.] Not only would the Nicaragua canal be constructed, but there would be a ship canal connected for Lake Michigan, the Mississippi and the Gulf of Mexico, and one between New York and Albemarle Sound. He was of the firm belief that in the next century the United States would be, by common consent, the leader of the nations of the earth.

Senator Cullom said the commission would ascertain what legislation should be enacted by congress for the government of the island, and they expected to examine the condition of the people, their industries, the land question, labor, etc., and to look at the harbor at Hawaii and see what ought to be done to make it a great harbor. *He* also said the Nicaragua canal would be built. [Applause.] Referring to the war, he remarked that the good people of the country did not want a war, but did have a heart for humanity, and humanity would be benefited by the result. In conducting the war, President McKinley had shown an ability, a quietness, a degree of wisdom and prudence that had won the esteem and admiration of every patriotic citizen. [Applause..] Mason and Dixon's line had been blotted out, and we were one people. All were in favor of one flag and the union. [Applause.]

Representative Hitt also spoke of the certainty of the Nicaraguan canal as one of the results of the war, as was a cable to Hawaii. He, too, referred to the vigor, firmness and judicious energy of President McKinley, saying that his action "was endorsed by every sensible, thoughtful man in every political party." A better appreciation of the true majesty of the American people permeated the whole world.

Ex-Senator Reagon was called on and said it might as well be written down that Cuba would soon be a part of the United States. The American people were interested in the construction of the Nicaragua canal, and he believed we ought to have coaling stations in Samoa, in the Ladrone Islands and at Manila. It is now within our reach to become the greatest commercial nation in the world. Acquisition of territory, he said, was spoken of as "imperialism." It had been said that Jefferson was the greatest apostle of civil liberty and democratic principles, yet, if the acquisition of territory was imperialism, "Jefferson was the greatest imperialist this country had ever produced." When the authority of the union was extended over other lands our citizens would go there and take with them the principles of our government and the enterprise and progress of the country, and elevate the people and give them the civil and religious liberty, the peace and prosperity we enjoy. Referring to the civil war, he said the result was accepted in good faith and honor and the south had stood by it.

The following resolution, offered by the Hon. George R. Peck, was unanimously adopted:

"Resolved, That we rejoice in the assured prospect of an early and honorable peace, and in the unparalleled triumphs of our brave sailors and soldiers in the existing war. We hereby express our hearty admiration for and confidence in the wise, patriotic and able administration of President McKinley. He has been equal to every need and has shown the entire world how worthy he is to lead a great people in a great cause."

Francis Murphy a Chaplain.

Governor Hastings has appointed Francis Murphy, the famous temperance advocate chaplain of the Fifth Pennsylvania Volunteers, in place of Chaplain Hartman of Altoona, resigned.

Remember the name when you buy again
BattleAx PLUG

General Roy Stone.

General Roy Stone, who is at the front in the Porto Rican camgaign, is a wellknown Pennsylvanian and a soldier who won his reputation on the battle-fields of the civil war. General Stone recruited Company D, Forty-second Regiment, in Warren county. After having been a major he was promoted to be colonel of the One Hundred and Forty-ninth Pennsylvania Regiment (Buck Tails) August 29, 1862, and mustered into the service the following day. He was severely wounded in the battle of Gettysburg, July 1, 1863, and was breveted brigadier general September 7, 1864. On January 25. 1865, he resigned from the army and was honorably discharged.

The records in the State Department show that he was commissioned colonel of the One Hundred and Forty-ninth Regiment September 9, 1869, to rank from August 20 of the same year. The regiment which he commanded was raised in Potter, Tioga, Lycoming, Clearfield, Clarion, Lebanon, Allegheny, Luzerne, Mifflin and Huntingdon.

Colonel McNeill, who was afterwards killed at Antietam, in writing to Governor Curtin from Harrison's Landing, a few days after the close of the seven days' fight on the peninsula, wrote: "During the severe engagement of the past few days my regiment was in the hottest fight under the command of Major Roy Stone. The generals of the Reserve Corps speak in the highest terms of its efficiency and of the distinguished gallantry of that accomplished officer."

Colonel McNeill suggested the raising of another Buck Tail regiment such as he commanded, and General Stone was authorized by the Secretary of War to raise a Buck Tail brigade. In less than twenty days twenty companies were recruited and the One Hundred and Forty-ninth and One Hundred and Fiftieth Regiments were formed At the outbreak of the present war General Stone was commissioned by President McKinley to supervise the work of road building.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of Testimonials.

Address. F. J. CHENEY &, CO., Toledo, O:

Sold by all druggists. 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Disgusted Klondiker Returns.

George Ransberry, of East Stroudsburg, after an absence of a little over one year, has returned to his home from the Klondike. He left East Stroudsburg July 26, 1897.

He states that the country is much over-rated and advises no one to go out there. He also said there were about 30,000 people at Dawson and nine-tenths of them had little prospects.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy
CURES ALL KIDNEY, STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES.

The Harvest Home Picnic.

The farmers' institute and harvest home picnic to be held at Centre Hall, on Grange park, August 11th, promises to be a success. Considerable interest is being manifested by farmers and others all through the county. The program will be one of special interest to farmers, and is under the management of Col. John A. Woodward, chairman of the county institute managers. The program in part is appended.

Address of welcome, Hon. Leonard Rhone.
Response,.....Prof. John Hamilton.

ADRESSES:

Gen. Jas. A. Beaver,.....Subject Withheld.
D. F. Fortney, Esq. "Duties of township officers."
Recitation,.....Miss Florence Rhone.
General Discussion, "The effect of early and late sowing of wheat with reference to the fly." Prof. John Hamilton.

Correspondence is in progress with a number of other speakers well versed on farm topics, and it is thought they will be present.

The program will be interpersed with vocal and instrumental music rendered by prominent singers throughout the county.

The park managers kindly consented to give the ground for the use of the institute and will open all the buildings and have the park in good condition. Farmers should take advantage of this opportunity to spend a day together for both pleasure and profit.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

Rains are Benefitting the Crops.

The report of the weather and crop division of the department of agriculture for the week ending Tuesday is as follows: Torrid temperature prevailed during the week with a daily average of three and a half degrees above the normal in the western portion of the state and from five to six degrees above in the middle and eastern portions. Showers were frequent and generally ample for present needs, but, owing to the unequal distribution, the crops in some localities would be benefitted by more rain. A decided improvement is reported in the growth of corn, buckwheat, tobacco, pastures and many of the truckers' crops.

The oats harvest is general and in all stages of completion. Oats have been injuriously affected by the drought, and the crop generally is short in straw and grain. The yield of early potatoes is below average, but late potatoes are more promising since the drought was broken. Corn looks well and is now making rapid growth. A remarkable improvement is noticeable in the vine and root products. Apples continue falling and will be scarce. Some peach orchards are fairly promising.

Awakened at Midnight.

At Watsontown Tuesday night, as *Miss* Lizzie Edwards, a young lady held in high esteem, was sleeping in her parents' residence on Liberty street, she was awakened about midnight by a man coming into her room from the porch roof. The young lady jumped from the bed, while at the same time the man brandished a knife. He angrily told her that she should not make an outcry and with the exclamation, "revenge is sweet; I will now take mine," he struck at *Miss* Edwards. The frightened girl jumped to one side, and the knife flew past her and the blade cut clear through the pillow and penetrated the mattress underneath. The noise awakened Mrs Edwards and a boarder, who saw the scoundrel as he climed through the window. He made his escape. A man who is known to have a grudge against the Edwards family is suspected of committing the dastardly act.

Females are Weakly Persons.

At this season should use Speer's Port Grape Wine. Physicians recommend it as a strengthening and blood purifying tonic and the best wine to be obtained.

The Incubator Saved It.

The Westfield, Tioga county, baby which was prematurely born and was placed in an incubator for over two weeks is now in the care of its mother and promises to develop into a strong, healthy child. The tiny mite weighed less than three pound when put in the incubator. The little one is the daughter of Mr. and *Mrs.* Malison, of Westfield, and her birth cards read "Miss Lettie B. Malison. Born July 6, 1898 Weight 3¼ pounds."

—The Porto Rican Dons are using fightless powder.

Are You Pale?

Are your cheeks hollow and your lips white?

Is your appetite poor and your digestion weak? Is your flesh soft and have you lost in weight?

These are symptoms of anemia or poor blood. They are just as frequent in the summer as in the winter. And you can be cured at one time just as well as another.

Scott's Emulsion

of *cod liver oil with hypophosphites* will certainly help you. Almost everyone can take it, and it will not disturb the weakest stomach.

It changes the light color of poor blood to a healthy and rich red. It nourishes the brain; gives power to the nerves. It brings back your old weight and strength.

All Druggists, 50c. and $1.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Large Sales of Tobacco.

The Lancaster New Era says last week was one of unusual activity in the tobacco market. One sale reported was the largest single cash transaction made in many years. The sale of 1,485 cases was reported by John F. Brimmer, a Lancaster dealer, to Falk & Brothers It was mostly seed leaf and the cash price paid is reported in the neighborhood of $65,000

The total sales for the week at Lancaster sum up 2,447 cases. The sales for the corresponding week last year were only 620 cases.

The Tobacco Journal says the crop in Ohio this year will be poor. In Wisconsin the crop will be large and promises to be fine.

—See the girls in another column carrying large baskets of grapes to a winery in Portugal for making wine. It is worth reading about. Speer of New Jersey makes wine from the grapes. His wines are unsurpassed by any in the world

The Boy and a Match.

A few days ago an 8 year old boy applied a lighted match to some hay that was sticking through the cracks of a barn owned by Stephen Carson, on Little Pine Creek. The season's crops, four horses, all the farm implements, barn, wagon shed and corn crib were destroyed by the boy's thoughtlessness.

Shafter and His Work.

A few days ago a disgruntled correspondent with the army at Santiago telegraphed to American and European newspapers venomous attacks on General Shafter. The general was described as incompetent mentally and physically to command an army, and all the difficulties of the situation confronting the American army were charged to this incompetency. This dispatch was made the basis of unfriendly criticism in many papers, and last week the authorities and correspondents at Washington displayed a good deal of impatience and petulence toward the general in command at Santiago. It seemed that we were about to have a repetition of that exceptional episode in army history when the winner of the victory at Fort Donelson was badgered, hurried, and humiliated because he did not telegraph full details to the war department.

It was intimated that General Shafter was to large and heavy for operations in the field; that he was careless in the matter of detail, and that he was ambiguous when it came to writing dispatches. Had there been disappointment or disaster at Santiago General Shafter could have been made the victim of public denunciation without turning a hand. But instead of disappointment or disaster there was a sweeping victory, taking in more than was expected. General Shafter was reluctant to speak of results while there was any possibility of failure in negotiations, but when the end came he spoke clearly and definitely of what his army had accomplished.

His dispatch of Sunday announcing the occupation of Santiago will rank with the most memorable ever written from a battlefield. The ease-loving dilettante who wrote the attack on Shafter could take lessons in clearness and precision from the old general. Compare the general's dispatch with the descriptive efforts of the trained correspondents describing the same event, and notice with what fulness the soldier in a few words states the case. He makes you see the scene; he conveys a clear idea of the strength of the fortifications; he states with exactness the full scope of the surrender, and describes the spirit in which the Spaniards accepted the inevitable. And yet there is nowhere, from first to last, the intrusion of his own personality—no note of pride, no sign of vanity. It is all as simple, as direct, and soldierly as Grant's dispatch from Appomattox or Dewey's from Manila.

This big resolute, reticent man, who was sent to Santiago because, in addition to courage, he had the tenacity of a bulldog, has attended strictly to business. Military men recognized that he had clutched the nettle to tear it out by the roots as soon as his dispositions for attacks were made. They knew there was to be no child's play by the way he swept the enemy's skirmishers from his front. They knew that he meant to have Santiago by the relentless way in which his lines were pushed forward July 1. They knew he had accomplished more than appeared in his reports when Cervera left the harbor.

Old soldiers waited patiently for the end. They knew the old bulldog had his enemy by the throat and couldn't talk much, but they knew he would hold on. When he dropped the city and the Spanish army before the government he did it with the manner of the old guard, who, pointing to the full fruition of his victory, said simply: "Your orders have been obeyed." It adds pathos to the picture to know that General Shafter has in his fight against the enemy fought against sickness and is the victor over both.—From the Chicago Inter-Ocean.

Made a Trial of Speed.

PHILADELPHIA, August 6.—The torpedo boat Mackenzie, built at Hillman's ship yard in this city, was given a trial Friday by her builders and succeeded in making an average of about twenty three knots an hour. Her contract required at least a twenty knot speed. The trial was made over a one knot course in the lower Delaware off the city of Wilmington, and among those on board beside her builders representatives of the engineer department. The run to the course was made in one hour and thirty-five minutes. She was then speeded over the course and rounded the last buoy in exactly two minutes, and thirty-five seconds. While under full speed she was put through a number of trials in turning and made the circuit in twice her length. While preparing for her homeward trip one of the tubes in the forward boiler blew out and four firemen were burned by the escaping steam Those most seriously scalded were John Evans, of Camden, N. J., and Owen *McGouth*, of this city. They were brought to League Island and subsequently were removed to the Episcopal hospital.

The old story of Prometheus is a parable. Prometheus was on terms of intimacy with the gods. From them he stole fire and gave it to men. For this sin he was bound to the rocks of *Mount* Caucassus, and vultures were set upon him. They only ate his liver. This grew again as fast as it was picked away. Are his sufferings to be imagined?

Take a modern interpretation of the parable. There is no cooking without fire. In cooking and eating the mischief lies. The stomach is overtasked, the bowels become clogged, they cannot dispose of food that is given them. The impurities back up on the liver. Then comes the vultures—the torments of a diseased liver. Dr. Pierce's *Golden* Medical Discovery is more than equal to the vultures of dyspepsia and its kindred diseases. There is no more need of suffering from dyspepsia than there is of hanging one's self. Sold by all medicine dealers the world over.

To Keep Butter Cool.

Here is a good plan for keeping butter cool in summer. In the middle of your cellar floor dig a hole or vault three and a half feet deep and three and a half feet square. Wall it up with brick laid in lime mortar and cement and floor it with soft brick. Lay a frame of good hard wood in mortar upon the top of this vault. Hinge to the frame a trap door of plank two inches thick, making it fit smoothly over the top. Then after the cream is seperated and cooled put it down in the vault to ripen. Butter may be kept there in the agreeable coolness, also. If you have no seperator, put the cream into the vault as soon as you have skimmed it, there to cool and ripen. Once or twice a week clean out the vault and wash it thoroughly to prevent its getting mouldy. Pour cold water upon the bricks of the floor. They will absorb it and cool the air. This is a very successful way to keep milk, butter and cream cool in hot weather on farms where there is no ice.

—Gladstone and Bismarck are gone, but one has only to read the sporting columns to realize that there are still great ones on the earth.

Remember the name when you buy again
BattleAx PLUG

PRESERVING THE FORESTS.

Energetic Work of the State's Officials.

"Pennsylvania's position in forestry matters has become so conspicuous of late that some misapprehensions should be corrected so far as the reservations which she is acquiring or is about to acquire are concerned," said Dr. J. T. Rothrock, state commissioner of forestry, to a Patriot reporter.

"These reservations are being acquired under two distinct laws enacted by the last legislature. The first authorizes the purchase by the commonwealth of unseated land for the non payment of taxes for the purpose of creating state forest reservations. As these lands are sold for taxes they have but little present worth, and are without mineral or agricultural value, and have been stripped of their timber. If the fires were kept off of them they would soon be covered with underbrush, which would make them valuable as retainers of water in the soil, and in course of time a forest would supercede the undergrowth.

"The state has purchased them in self-protection," *Dr.* Rothrock continued. "in the belief that as the years pass these now valueless lands will again swell our revenues and nurse our industries. These purchases are made under the direction of the commissioner of forestry.

"The function of the forestry commission is to secure three state forestry reservations of not less than 40,000 acres each. One of these will be located upon the headwaters of each of the three principal rivers of the state and will, as far as possible, be a continuous area and of attitude of not less than 600 feet above the sea. This commission is by law granted the right of eminent domain and can, therefore, condemn the lands it has selected for state reservations for the use of the state."

"Dr. Rothrock says it is contemplated that these reservations shall have an already existing forest and not be widely stripped lands. When the commission has made its report its work will have been done and it will be discharged. The commission does not have the right to take any land held by a corporation created for the preservation of forests, so that it will be clearly understood that the state is acting energetically along two distinct lines for the purpose of increasing its forest areas."

The Wiser Way.

"How fresh and rosy you look, Nora," exclaimed Isabel, who had just returned from the beach, and was greeting her friend.

"Yes, dear," replied Nora, "I am feeling splendidly, and mama says I have an alarming appetite"

"Where in the world have you been since I saw you?"

"I have remained at home," replied Nora. "and have worked hard every day. But I have been taking that wonderful medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it has done me, oh, so much good. You see I always like to feel well when I go away, and I leave for the mountains next week."

Where Work is Plenty.

The Pittsburg Times says: Large contracting firms in Pittsburg are just now finding labor scarcer than at any time within their memory, and considerable trouble has been encountered in getting enough men Higher prices are being paid than for several years past, but notwithstanding this, it has been almost impossible to get all the men needed. to do work absolutely necessary. Many men appear to be idle, but almost all of them refuse to accept employment. The trouble is thought to be due to the unusual amount of work going on throughout the country, and the fact that all the good men are employed.

Remember the name when you buy again
BattleAx PLUG

The New Phoenix Mill.

The work on the new Phoenix mill owned by Col. Fred W. Reynolds at this place is rapidly nearing completion and when finished will be one of the finest in the state. Two carloads of the latest improved machinery arrived Friday afternoon and is now being placed in position.

The building is a very handsome one built of Clearfield buff brick and is three story and a half high. Everything about the place will be new and up to date. The mill will have a capacity of 200 b rrels of high grade flour a day. The two large steel tanks which were constructed before the fire have been re paired and will hold 60,000 bushels of wheat.

The contract for the brick work was given to Coke Bell, of this place who finished his work in a satisfactory manner in just one month and one day.

W. L. Steele has the contract for the carpenter work and this is a sure guarantee that it is well done.

The millwrights are Griscom & McFeely, of Philadelphia, said to be the finest in the country, who will superintend personally the putting in of the machinery.

The mill will be under the manage ment of Joseph L. Montgomery one of the shrewdest young business men in Bellefonte.

—The August issue of Table Talk furnishes exellent and timely reading and helps for the housewife. It opens with an interesting article on "Wayside Wanderings and Wedge-Wood study." by Martha Bockee Flint. that will interest most women· "Let Fall the Curtains," by Virginia Lyndall Dunbar, who is widely known to the reading public. The article is of practieal help to the housewife. Among others are "The Olympian Banquet," "Peach Dainties," "*H*ome Laundry," etc., etc., besides its other regular practical departments so ably conducted by its regular staff of editors. A sample copy will be sent free to any of our readers addressing Table Talk Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

The Valentine Furnace.

There are a great many rumors afloat in regard to starting the Valentine furnace. The real estate is now advertised for sheriff's sale and will be sold *M*onday, Aug. 22nd. Some time ago all personal property about the place was sold and purchased by a number of creditors. The same parties expect to purchase the real estate and thus secure title to the entire property.

A syndicate of creditors and some capitalists from Baltimore will likely be these purchasers. After the sale it is possible, if the iron market should continue favorable, that steps will be taken towards putting the plant in operations again. Expert iron men say that the present furnace is out of date and costly improvements would be necessary to make of it a modern plant. Many changes would be necessary and the capacity largely increased, all of which would require considerable time to bring about.

Brought Home for Burial.

The body of John Henry, who died a few days ago at Jacksonville, Florida, of typhoid fever, was brought to Pine Creek township, Clinton county, for burial. Deceased was the son of Charles Henry, of Pine Creek. He had been engaged in the grocery business at Camp Cuba Libre, Florida, and was aged about 28 years.

—William Swarmer, an employe of the Standard Scale Works, was hurt by being thrown by a car that was being swung in onto the scale works siding Wednesday August 3. Swarmer called to the freight crew that he would take care of the car and when he undertook to do it he was thrown and considerably bruised up.

PROSPERITY WAVE COMING.

London Financial Paper Says War Will Bring Great Trade Expansion.

LONDON, Aug. 5.—The "Statist" predicts a great wave of American prosperity after the war and active European business in American securities.

"Cuba," it says, "will give employment to a vast amount of capital, and the stimulous to industry there will react upon the United States. The investments in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines will particularly benefit railways."

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Hobson, Philip and Woodford.

NEW YORK, August 5,—The benefit for the New York Soldiers and Sailors Families' Protective association held last night at the Metropolitan opera house, was more in the nature of a reception to Lieutenant Hobson, Minister to Spain Woodford and Captain Philip, of the Texas, than a benefit. The opera house was jammed with people, almost 5,000 being present. Lieutenant Hobson made a speech in which he recalled the actions around Santiago and described in detail how he and his companions sank the Merrimac.

Shake into Your Shoes.

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. t cures painful, swollen, smarting nervous feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for swelling, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail 25c. in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Why is This Thus?

The fourth assistant postmaster general has had the following notice billed in the postoffice at Salona: *By* direction of the postmaster general, B. F. Krape, the present postmaster having resigned and as no one has been suggested to the department as his successor, and unless the patrons of the office designate a suitable person for the appointment who is eligible, within fifteen days, the office will be discontinued.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy
CURES ALL KIDNEY, STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES.

Snakes Have a Battle.

A few days ago while a gentleman of Lock Haven, says the Republican, was driving to Farrandsville, his horse frightened at some object in the road and refused to go forward. The driver alighted from the buggy to investigate and found a rattlesnake and a blacksnake engaged in deadly combat. The blacksnake in a short time succeeded in choking the life out of the rattler.

THE Musical College at Freeburg, Snyder county, Pa., is now in session and will continue without vacation until the holidays giving young people an opportunity of attending a term of six weeks or more at a trifling expense, and can be admitted at any time. For catalogue and information address,

HENRY B. MOYER, Freeburg, Pa.

Trial List.

For the first week of August term of court, commencing Monday, August 22:

Robert McFarlane's Admr's vs. Monroe Armor.

H. H. Berry vs. H. A. Snyder's Administrators.

Lewis Doll vs. J. M. Neubauer.

J. P. Gephart vs. D. J. Musser.

W. J. Thompson vs. P. A. Leisher.

A. B. McNitt vs James Leach's administrators.

Dr. S. F. Nevling vs. O. S. P., Burnsides twp.

Your Liver

needs coaxing, not crowding. Dr. Ayer's Pills stand without a rival as a reliable medicine for liver complaint. They cure constipation, and they cure its consequences, piles, biliousness, indigestion, sick headache, nausea, coated tongue, foul breath, bad taste, palpitation, nervousness, irritability, and many other maladies that have their root in constipation. They are a specific for all diseases of the stomach and bowels, and keep the body in a condition of sound health.

"I have used Ayer's Pills for the past thirty years and consider them an invaluable family medicine. I know of no better remedy for liver troubles, and have always found them a prompt cure for dyspepsia."—JAMES QUINN, 90 Middle Street, Hartford, Conn.

Take Ayer's Pills

SAGASTA GIVES COLD COMFORT!

In Conference With Leaders of Other Parties He Finds Criticism.

IS BLAMED FOR REPRESSION.

Republican Leaders Object to Closing of the Cortes and Muzzling of Freedom—Azcarraga Would Fight On.

GENERAL CAMPOS IN FAVOR OF PEACE.

MADRID, Aug. 6.—The conferences between the political leaders on the subject of the peace terms continue.

Senor Silvela, the Consevative leader, acting in behalf of Senor Castelar, the Republican leader, who was prevented by illness from being present, has conferred with the premier, Senor Sagasta, on the subject. He said Senor Castelar, although an advocate of peace, was of the opinion that in negotiating its conclusion, the government "should remember the Virginius affair, when the energy displayed by Spain in dealing with the United States saved Spanish interests, and he thought every effort should be made to preserve Spanish sovereignty over Porto Rico."

Senor Silvela added that he personally did not favor any change of policy.

Senor Silvela urged on Senor Sagasta that it was imperative to summon the cortes for the negotiation of a treaty of peace.

Gen. Polavieja, who was present, declined subsequently to speak of the conference to representatives of the press, on the ground that his duty as a soldier imposed secrecy upon him, but Gen Azcarraga said that if Spain possessed adequate resources the war should be continued in order to secure more acceptable conditions; otherwise peace ought to be immediately concluded.

Gen. Chinchilla, Captain general of Madrid says:

"We have a brave and well disciplined army and it is ready to go wherever it is sent."

Later Senor Sagasta conferred with Senor Salmeron, the Republican leader, who told the premier, in the course of a long conference, that he blamed the government greatly for closing the cortes and stifling the press. After the interview he said he had assured Senor Sagasta that he would reserve his opinion on the general situation until the chamber was convoked, but; that neither directly nor indirectly, would he support the "existing oligarchy, which is the cause of all Spain's misfortunes."

This evening the premier will confer with Gen Weyler, Marshal Primo de Rivera, Senor Gamazo, minister of public instruction and public works and Senor Romero *G*iron, minister of the colonies.

The Liberal, moderate Republican, yesterday published an interview with Marshal Martinez de Campos, who is quoted as saying: "I openly favor peace. Everything that has happened in this war could have been foreseen, but the most pessimistic could never have imagined that our misfortunes would be so great—the destruction of Montejo's and Cervera's squadrons, the surrender of Santiago and the rapid and unresisted occupation of Porto Rico. No one could have imagined it, even taking into consideration the superiority of the United States. Neither the present government nor any other can change our situation. It would be made necessary to think of rejecting President McKinley's conditions. The Liberal party can bring about peace, but Sagasta should not be asked to sign it. Such a course would not be prudent and another Liberal cabinet should be constructed."

Marshal Martinez de Campos, it is pointed out, evidently referred to Senor Gamazo as the man who should succeed Senor Sagasta as premier. Senor Gamazo is the present minister of public instruction His name has been frequently mentioned recently in connection with the premiership in the event of the formation of a new cabinet.

MADRID, Aug. 5.—The Spanish cabinet met yesterday afternoon, the queen regent presiding, and the peace propositions were discussed. Apparently no definite decision was arrived at. The Premier, Senor Sagasta, conferred last evening with some distinguished politicians, who have been summoned to Madrid for the purpose.

MADRID, Aug. 5.—Senor Sagasta, the premier, conferred yesterday with the presidents of both chambers of the cortes and is now conferring with Marshal *M*artinez Campos and the duke of Tetuan, minister of foreign affairs in the last cabinet of the late Senor Canovas. Until the official account of the peace negotiations is published the utmost secrecy will be observed.

MADRID, Aug. 5.—The consultation between the premier, the presidents or the chambers and other prominent persons is described as being really of a national character, with the view of ascertaining the opinions of all parties. The government has not yet entered upon any agreement regarding terms for concluding the war with the United States. The cabinet will follow the advice of the party leaders and will leave to the crown the liberty of choosing new advisors.

All the leaders consulted thus far have observed the strictest reserve with the exception of Senor Romeroy Robledo, the leader of the Weylerite party, who declares himself in favor of continuing the war.

The queen regent has summoned several generals for consultation.

La Correspondencia de Espana says the government has no present intention of convoking the cortes. El Correo, the ministerial organ, says that, in addition to the monarchist chiefs, the queen regent will consult Prof. Salerman, the Republican leader, and an influential Carlist chief.

An official dispatch from San Juan de Porto Rico says: "Most of the volunteers are in a disorganized condition and are abandoning their arms."

LONDON, Aug. 5.—The Madrid correspondent of the Times says: "Though peace is regarded as assured, it may not be attained so quickly as is generally expected. Senor Sagasta objects to being hustled and insists upon everything being done in a quiet, orderly and dignified manner. He considers it necessary to have full and satisfactory explanations as to all doubtful points in order to enable him best to protect the national interests against the aggressive tendencies of the Washington cabinet.

"He has also to examine very minutely the exigencies of the internal situation, and home politics, so as to avoid popular dissatisfaction and political unrest. The Spanish people, though sincerely desirous of peace are disposed to admire this hesitancy and tenacious holding out till the last, although aware that it implies greater sacrifices.

"As an illustration of this feeling, while Gen. Toral is blamed for capitulating at Santiago, Capt. Gen. Augusti, continuing a hopeless resistance at Manila, bids fair to be a popular hero. It would be premature to suppose that the political consultations now proceeding foreshadow the resignation of the Liberal cabinet when peace is concluded. The conservatives have so constantly and loyally supported Sagasta throughout the war that no factious opposition need be feared from them."

LONDON, Aug. 5.—The Madrid correspondent of the Daily *M*ail says "The government has not yet answered the American note, nor received President McKinley's reply to the explanations asked for by Senor Sagasta. The premier said today that the government would reply to the American demands early next week.

WASHINGTON. D. C., Aug., 4.—Senator Burrows of Michigan was at the war department yesterday. The senator said that he had no means of judging what would be the prevailing sentiment of the senate as to the treaty of peace, as he has had no conversation with any of his colleaugues on the subject recently.

"As for myself, I don't care to go very deeply into a discussion of the subject at the time, but in general terms I take this view of it.

"We must have absolute possession of Porto Rico and Spain must relenquish completely her sovereignty over Cuba. We should retain permanently the island of Porto Rico. Towards Cuba we will act in good faith and with perfect justice, giving to the people of the island a free and independent government as soon as it can be established. We must see to it that a good and stable government is established, and of course the future will depend upon the ability of the people of Cuba to govern themselves, the United States giving them all possible assistance and every opportunity to maintain themselves as a free and independent people."

"As to the Philippines, I do not believe that we want the entire group of islands, with its several millions of semi-barbarous people. In my opinion we should retain one entire island—the best in the whole group, for our purposes—absolutely as our own, for a naval station and commercial base. Our ownership of the entire island should by absolutely complete, with no vestige of Spanish influence anywhere upon it. This would give us all we want for the development and protection of our commerce. The rest of the group of islands might go back to Spain or the people might be left to work out their own destiny. The question of just how far this government should exert itself in the matter of securing good government for the islands which we do not retain, is a matter of detail for the future; the only thing that I care to say on that point is that I do not think this government should retain control or interest in the rest of the islands after having taken possession of the one we want."

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4—Mr. Edward W. Harden, formerly financial editor of the Chicago Tribune, has been designated by Secretary Day to study and report upon the general financial condition of the Phillippine islands, the banking system, the character of the banking business transacted, the kind of money in circulation, the general condition of exchanges, the rates of interest and kindred subjects. He is in Manila.

PARIS, Aug. 4.—The Madrid correspondent of the Temps telegraphs this afternoon saying that if the definite reply of the United States on the peace proposals arrives to day the Spanish cabinet will meet this evening and officially accept the terms. The cabinet ministers, the correspondent adds, believed that the agreement would be accepted by the country without opposition and the government will not summon the cortes before the autumn.

The newspapers are attacking Premier Sagasta and his colleagues, the correspondent of the Temps continues. They assert that the premier opened negotiations Tuesday with Senor Pidal, president of the Spanish chamber of deputies, with the view of returning the Conservatives to power as soon as peace is arranged, believing that the Conservatives are more competent to reorganize the country. Senor Sagasta's partisans deny this.

LONDON. Aug. 4.—A special dispatch from Barcelona says a formidable rising of Carlists has taken place near Lorida, Catalonia.

Big Price For a Broken Heart.

Not long since a Danville, Ill., jury ordered the male defendant in a breach of promise case to pay the competent sum of $51,333.33 to the afflicted fair one. Though it is a pretty high estimate which, if not in dollars and cents exactly as high, yet in general consideration of excellence reaches as lofty an altitude. This is the estimate of the people as to the efficacy of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as a remedy for constipation. The action of this gentle but effective laxative is never accompanied by the griping so marked in the operation of most cathartics. It is an incomparable remedy for and preventive of malarial, rheumatic and kidney complaints, and a promoter of appetite and sleep.

Off to the Seashore.

On Thursday quite a number took the train here for the seashore. They were as follows:

For Atlantic City: John J. Bauer, W. Harrison Walker, C. C. Shuey and family, W. M. Bottorf, A. C. Smith and wife, W. H. Smith, Mr. J. B. Smith, Mrs. Cal. Brachbill, Frank Hunsinger, Mrs Wm. Tressler, Mrs. *H*ugh Taylor, Mrs. H. S. Taylor, *M*iss J. Bauer, Miss Isabella Taylor, Samuel H. McClure, James I McClure, Alfred Davis, Joseph Lose, and J. L. Walkey, of Hublersburg.

For Cape May: Samuel Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Keller and son, Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Hunter and son.

—M. M. Hunter, representing the "Modern Woodmen of America," a benevolent organization, has been engaged during the past week in organizing an association at this place. Already he has a large list of charter members.

THEY SAY.

That Shafter's finished makin' hay,
And now is sawin' wood,
Merritt has reached Manila Bay,
Where the climate's good.
Schley immersed them out o' sight,
Sampson eat the jam,
Everything's a comin' right,
'Rah for Uncle Sam!

—There seems to be a hitch.

—Li Hung Chang gets another term.

—The term's in two words: "Get out!"

—The Sixteenth is just wading in glory.

—Sagasta doesn't like to stop *M*iles' picnic.

—The pipe of peace will be a Havana cigar.

—The peace will last until the Senate meets.

—The rainy season is making us all weterans.

—We are getting our humidity in big chunks.

—What we need is a standing army of transports.

Remember the name when you buy again
BattleAx PLUG

The Bellefonte Republican

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Local Department.

—General Miles' telephone does not connect with the peace negotiations as yet.

—Have you seen the relics from Santiago now on exhibition in John Anderson's store window.

—P. B. Crider has threshed 1,500 bushels of wheat of this year's crop on his farm near Eagleville.

—The next expedition will be a sort of police posse to keep the insurgents from further insurging.

—It spoils the romance of the thing that Mayor Van Wyck cannot marry all three of those girls.

—Just when we are so friendly with England it is proposed to beat her in another yacht race.

—A lazy liver makes a lazy man. Burdock Blood Bitters is the natural, never failing remedy for a lazy liver.

—Camara's fleet appears to have been entirely forgotten; probably because it isn't worth thinking about.

Help is wanted when the nerves become weak and appetite falls. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives help by making the blood rich and pure.

—The Knights of the Golden Eagle of the Northwest District, of Pennsylvania, will hold their annual reunion at DuBois August 29.

—The Roman Catholic congregation at Kane is preparing to negotiate a loan of $10,000 with which to erect a convent and parochial school in that town.

—A Lycoming county man is reported to have discovered a vein of copper, zinc and nickel under his farm on Beatty's Run. The vein is 6 feet wide and 1000 yards long and is rich with copper.

—The progressive farmers of this county are looking with more favor on the broad tire wagon. The more vehicles of this kind that are put into use the easier the country roads will be to keep in repair.

—Ordinary household accidents have no terrors when there's a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the medicine chest. Heals burns, cuts' bruises, sprains Instant relief.

—The railroads receive eight cents per pound for carrying the mail, while the express companies get their shipment carried for one cent. One third of the postal receipts, and more-$30,000,000 go to the railroads for hauling the mails.

—Some months ago the commissioners of this county quit paying premiums on scalps of noxious animals, as their attorney informed them that the bounty act was unconstitutional. A case was made and stated for the court to pass judgment on. It is semi-officially learned that the court will declare the law unconstitutional.

—Mothers lose there dread for "that terrible second summer" when they have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in the house. Nature's specific for summer complaints of every sort.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Mott entertained a party of friends at their home on West High street on Thursday evening July 28th; in honor of their guest Mrs. John R. Kehoe, of San Francisco, Cal. The evening was pleasantly spent in card playing and other interesting games. Elegant refreshments were served and a most enjoyable time was spent.

—Dr. Geo. F. Harris, of this place, was recently appointed by Governor Hastings to be a member of the state board of medical examiners for applicants for squadron medical officers. Drs. W. F. Reilly, of Carlisle, and R. Armstrong, of Lock Haven, are the other members of the board. They went to Harrisburg on Saturday, to examine Dr. H. A. Arnold, of Ardmore, who passed satisfactorily and started for Newport News, where he expected to enter the service.

—Itching piles? Never mind if everything else failed to cure you. Try Doan's Ointment. No failure there. 50 cents, at any drug store.

—A young man 18 years of age has been sentenced to imprisonment in Doylestown jail for 50 days for destroying bird's nests. When arrested he had about 30 young birds in his possession and about two dozen eggs. The law under which he was convicted was passed by the bad legislature of last winter, and we suppose some reformers will not approve of it on that account; but the law is a good one. The destruction of birds' nests is one of the evils that demands a remedy.

NEWS FROM CHICKAMAUGA.

A Letter From One of Our Soldier Boys at Camp George H. Thomas.

AUGUST 7th, 1898.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—The boys in camp are having a regular stir around. All regiments that have not left the park are to change their camping place to some part of the park that has not been occupied. Some have changed already. We expect to leave some time next week, for Snodgrass hill, about two miles from here. A detail of from ten to twelve men is sent out every morning from each company to fix up the new camp. Our post office address will not be changed. We have been expecting our pay every day. The paymaster has been here for the past week paying off other regiments in the park. I think he will reach us by Tuesday; then we all will have the stuff that talks, as we are pretty near broke.

Mrs. Garis arrived here this morning to take care of her husband, who is very sick in the division hospital with tuberculosis.

James Noll is recovering from a serious illness of typhoid fever. With careful nursing he will soon be able to join the company.

Lawrence Rittenhouse has returned from the regimental hospital to the company this morning. In two or three weeks he will be able to do duty.

John Brown was taken to the regimental hospital this morning; he is not seriously ill, and will be all right in a few days.

Corporals Ryan, Taylor and Daley are ready to go home this afternoon. Corporals Ryan and Taylor have been sick and are going home to get rested up, while Corporal Daley is going to stir up politics. CORPORAL *D.* E, ROTHROCK.

Two Noted and Faithful Horses Pass Away.

Old Bill, the faithful bay carriage horse for so many years the property of the late E. C Humes and family (now almost two score years old), and *D*andy, the old gray horse of Gov. Hastings, who has been in the use of the Humes family since the Governor has resided at Harrisburg, were both put out of the way Monday by the use of chloroform. Dr. Bilger administered the chloroform at the Humes farm, near town, on which George Kaup resides.

The Humes horse had been so feeble and stiff that he was scarcely able to walk or lie down, and the Hastings horse has been afflicted with cancer of a serious nature. So this final ending of the lives of such faithful animals was the most merciful way of putting them out of the suffering they must have been enduring. We understand graves were dug for the horses on the farm, and the greatest care taken in their burial.

Gay Camping Party at Hecla.

There is a gay camping party at Hecla, the members of which are extracting the full enjoyment from the summer's outing. The crowd is composed of the following named: Miss Cornelia Wilson, Williamsport; *M*iss Black, of Duncannon; Misses Annie Sigmund, Jean Hyatt, *M*able *Mc*Clintock and Katherine Stoner, of Salona; Messrs. Swyers and Warfle, of Huntingdon; Charles Krape, Luther Sigmund, George Stoner and *M*r. and Mrs. I. C. Stoner, of Salona.

Home From Chickamauga.

Corporals Richard Taylor and R. Clarence Daley arrived home Tuesday morning from Camp George H. Thomas, Chickamauga, Ga., on a ten days furlough. They both appear to be in good health and spirits. They report that the condition of things is much improved at Camp Thomas. The 5th has secured a new location for its camp which is a great improvement over the old. All the boys are getting along well.

Hay Fever.

Dr. Humphrey's Specific "77" cures hay fever and autumn catarrh; all druggists; 25c; or *H*umphrey's *M*edicine Company, New York.

—Since Toral went out of business, Santiago has lost considerable interest as a date line.

—Perhaps Cambon might be induced to negotiate peace for the Pennsylvania Democracy.

—*M*any great minds are now coinciding in the opinion that it's remarkable weather for the time of year

—The dials on the Court house clock have been re-painted and new gold leaf put on the characters. Mr. J. W. Houser did the work.

—The Mill Hall citizens who raised a fund to pay for the site of a new brick works being built in that place had a surplus of $80, which they voted to return to the contributors at a pro rata rate.

—The government has abolished the practice of letting mail contracts to contractors who sub-let them at starvation prices. *H*ereafter the contracts will be made direct with responsible parties in the sections where the route is located.

NEW MILITARY COMPANY.

It Was Organized in the Armory Monday Evening.

MAJOR F. K. PATTERSON PRESENT

Fifty-eight Men Were Enlisted in the New Company—The Officers are Amos Mullen, Captain; James Harris, 1st Lieut., and W.C. Cassidy, 2nd Lieut.

TO BE ATTACHED TO 21ST REGIMENT

A new company of the new National Guard was organized in the Armory at this place Monday evening. The recruiting officer was Major F. K Patterson, of Freeport, Pa. There was a large number of men examined and out of the number fifty-eight were selected.

The company having been mustered in the next thing in order was the electing of officers. *H.* C. Quigley, Esq., and Col. Amos Mullen were placed in nomination, but Quigley withdrew in favor of Mullen, who was then elected by acclamation.

For 1st Lieutenant, James Harris and John Trafford were named, but the latter promptly withdrew in favor of Harris, who was therefore elected unanimously.

This left only the 2nd Lieutenancy to be filled. For this the only real contest of the evening took place. Boyd A. Musser and W. C. Cassidy were placed in nomination and a vote was taken. It resulted—Cassidy 35, Musser 21. Cassidy was therefore declared elected.

Bellefonte is now pretty sure of two military companies, for the new company will probably be attached to a new regiment, the 21st, now being organized and which will be a permanent thing even when the old guard returns.

The officers of the new company are all good men. Capt. Mullen is an old soldier, a veteran of the Rebellion, and served many years in the National Guard. He was at one time Lieut.-Col. of the 5th regiment.

Lieutenants Harris and Cassidy are both good men and will make splendid officers. Altogether the new company starts off with bright prospects for future good work.

The following are the names of the enlisted men: Sidney S. Barlett, James Barry, Sim Baum, John H. Barnhart, Harold A. Blair, Wm. Brown, John Curtin, Craig Crossmire, John A. Crissman, Jacob *H.* Cole, Frank Derstine, Will Dorworth, Harry W. Dawson, Edward Derstine, Joel Fauble, Thos. A. Greninger, Chas. E. Gilmour, Chas. H. Gueiswhite, Robert W. Gunsoles, John W. Gross, Jerome G. Harper, John H. Houser, Wm. D. Hunter, Grant Hoover, Harry W. Irvin, Robert F. Jodon, David J. Kelly, Wm. T. Kelly, John M. Keichline, Wm. F. Lucas, Samuel H. Meyer, James McNichols, Wm. H. Miller, Thos. D. McClelland, Boyd A. Musser, Wireman T. Noll, James A. Noll, Geo. A. Noll, Wm. R. Noll, Anthony G. Noll, Calvin A. Piper, Wm. H. Runkle, Geo. S. Robinson, Joseph V. Runkle, Harry N. Robb, Samuel Roberts, Albert E. Rumbarger, John J. Snyder, John M. Strunk, Frank M. Shugert, Will C. Smeltzer, Albert D. Smeltzer, John Trafford, James Vallance, Samuel Wasson, Dorsey Williams, James Harris, W. C. Cassidy.

Death of John Hazel.

John Hazel, one of Benner township's well-known citizens, died at his home in Roopsburg Friday morning at 11 o'clock, of heart trouble. Deceased was 78 years old, and during his life time followed the trade of blacksmithing.

The funeral took place Monday at 10 o'clock. A requiem mass was said by Rev. P. *Mc*Ardle in St. John's Catholic church on Bishop street at the hour named. Father McArdle also preached an eloquent and impressive sermon in which he spoke of the many good qualities of the departed. There was a large attendance of sorrowing friends and relatives and many beautiful floral tributes were received.

The pallbearers were: Frank and Joseph Stinekichner, J. H. Sands, Andrew Dusling, Louis Doll and *M*athias Thal. Interment was made in the Catholic cemetery at this place.

She is Improving.

Mrs. William Kreamer, of Millheim, who had her leg fractured last Saturday a week ago while alighting from the train at Lamar, is improving. The lady is still at the residence of Mr. and *M*rs. John Smith, Lamar, which couple have done all in their power to make it as comfortable as possible for the injured woman. Mrs. Kreamer is grateful to all those who have rendered her assistance since her accident.

—The officers of the grand lodge and delegates of the various state lodges of the Sons of St. George were in session in Philipsburg on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. It is an organization of Englishmen.

A BRILLIANT WEDDING.

A Large Assemblage to Witness the Happy Event.

One of the prettiest, and most interesting weddings of the mid-summer season in this section of the state occurred at high noon Wednesday in the *M*ilesburg Presbyterian church the bride being *M*iss Estella May, daughter of Captain and Mrs. C. P. Stonerode, of Milesburg, and the groom Dr. James W. Lyons, of Jackson, Michigan. Rev. W. O. Wright, pastor of the Presbyterian church, performed the ceremony, the bride was given away by her father. All the appointments were prettily arranged. The church decorations, were entirely green, consisting of palms, ferns and potted plants.

The bride was dressed in Bohemian net over a trained gown of white Taffeta silk. Her bridal veil was fastened with a pearl and diamond sunburst a gift of the groom, and she carried a bouquet of roses.

In attendance on the bride were a maid of honor, *M*iss Blanche Stonerode, sister of the bride dressed in white silk carrying a boquet of pink carnations; a flower girl, little Haze Stonerode, niece of the bride, a perfect fairy in appearance and dress, with a basket of flowers; four bridesmaids, Miss Jennie VanScoyock, of Jackson, *M*ichigan, Misses Gertrude and Jane D. Stonerode, sisters of the bride, and Miss Florence Orris, of Milesburg, all dressed in white organdie over blue and pink, carrying boquets of pink carnations. The bridesmaids were each presented a beautiful pearl pin by the groom.

The groom was dressed in the usual black dress suit, and his best man was Dr. Chalmers J. Lyons, a brother, of Jackson, similarly attired.

The ushers were Messrs. Gray Hastings and Newlin Irwin of Bellefonte, and James Wright and John Lingle, of Milesburg.

As the wedding party entered the church Miss Ida Orris, presiding at the organ, rendered the beautiful Mendelsohn wedding march in her usual happy and artistic manner.

The wedding party as they entered the church and took their place before the minister, presented a handsome spectacle, and the plain and short Presbyterian marriage ceremony making the twain, one, was soon but very impressively performed by the officiating minister. The ceremony was witnessed by a large number of invited guests. After the ceremony a reception and a very sumptuous wedding dinner was given at the home of the bride's parents where many of the bride's friends showered their heartiest congratulations upon the newly wedded couple.

The bride is the second daughter of Captain Stonerode, the efficient agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at Milesburg for many years past and is gifted with beauty and grace and all the accomplishments that go toward making a devoted wife and a pleasant and happy home.

The groom is a fine looking man, a practicing dentist with a large practice in the flourishing city of Jackson, Michigan, a very genial gentlemen and will make a kind and devoted husband.

The presents to the bride were very handsome and almost without limit, consisting in part of a silver tea set from the bride's parents, silverware of every variety and description, beautiful imported vases, lamps and chinaware of all kinds, table and other linen, and many other useful and ornamental household articles.

The bride and groom left on the 4:32 train on quite an extended trip through eastern cities and watering places, after which a tour of the great lakes on their way to their home will be made.

Doctor and Mrs. Lyons will be at home at Jackson, *M*ichigan, after October 6th.

Happily Wedded.

Wednesday at half past seven a.m. a very pretty wedding took place at the St. John's Catholic church on Bishop street. The contracting parties were Herbert J. Hull, of Bellefonte and Miss. Maggie E. Kane, of Axe Mann. The ceremony was performed by Rev. P. McArdle rector of the church. The best man was Daniel Howard and the bridesmaid Miss Agnes Kane. We extend our congratulations to the happy couple.

W. B. Rankin transacted business in Millheim last week.

Col. James P. Coburn spent Sunday at his home in Aaronsburg.

Miss Gertude Hiltner, of Tyrone, is visiting friends in this place.

John M. Dale, Esq., left Tuesday for Pittsburg on important business.

Edward McCabe, of Lock Haven, spent Sunday with friends in this place.

Harry Brew, of this place, was a business visitor to Tyrone Wednesday.

Charles R. Kurtz, of the Centre Democrat, was a Tyrone visitor Saturday.

Miss Lizzie Kern, of Millheim, spent last Sunday with friends in this place.

F. E. Naginey, Bellefonte's chief burgess, transacted business in Tyrone Friday.

Jacob Oberndorf, of New York City, transacted business in Bellefonte Saturday.

Mrs. John W. Lose and daughter, Annie, of this place, are visiting friends in Millheim.

W. H. Musser left Thursday afternoon for a ten days' trip to Philadelphia and Atlantic City.

Miss Eva Burns and her friend, Miss Bier, of Sunbury, spent Sunday at the Intersection.

Mrs. James Pierpont, of Pittsburg, is spending a few weeks visiting friends in this place.

Mrs. John Little, of Jersey City Heights, is visiting her sister, Mrs. C. M. Garman, of this place.

First Lieut. George L. Jackson, of Company B, arrived home from Chicamauga, Ga., Saturday morning.

Miss Sarah Morgan, of this place, is visiting her uncle, Francis Morgan, and family, of Lock Haven.

Gov. D. H. *H*astings spent Monday at his home in this place, leaving for Harrisburg this morning.

Mrs, Thomas Keithley nee Dolen, of Philadelphia, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Martin Dolen, of this place.

Miss Kate Gerberich, of Miles, Michigan, is visiting at the pleasant home of C. T. Gerberich, on Thomas street,

Mrs. Shortlidge and her daughter, Mrs. John Walker, have gone to Asbury Park for a two weeks' stay.

Hon. P. E. Womelsdorff, of Philipsburg, greeted his many friends in Bellefonte Friday.

Miss Gertie Irvin, of Bellefonte, is a pleasant visitor of Mrs. John Albert, at Cloverdale farm, Philipsburg.

The Misses Catherine Houser and Mary Lambert left Saturday afternoon for Lemont, where they will visit friends.

Miss Clara Bickle, of Abdera, Clinton county, is a pleasant visitor at the home of Mrs. Al. Diehl, on Thomas street.

J. W. Gephart, superintendent of the Central Railroad of Pennsylvania, transacted business in Williamsport Saturday.

Cameron Burnsides, of Philadelphia, tarried over Sunday in Bellefonte with his family, who are spending the summer here.

Misses Mary Wright and Elizabeth Stroop, of Milesburg, have returned home after a pleasant visit with friends in Tyrone.

Rev. E. E. Hoshour, who is visiting his old friends in this county, occupied the pulpit of the Lutheran church Sunday evening.

Misses Sadie and Cora Ott, of this place, returned home Monday afternoon from Mill Hall, where they visited their sister, Mrs. Ripka.

Mr. Will Magee, of *P*hiladelphia, arrived in Bellefonte Saturday and will spend the next two weeks at the old homestead in this place.

Charles Laird and C. W. Gillen, two Tyrone boys who formerly resided in Bellefonte, spent Sunday among their old friends here.

Miss Sara Malin, of this place, left Thursday morning for Chester county, where she intends to spend some time visiting her grandmother.

Robert Weight and wife, who have been spending the past four weeks among Bellefonte friends; left for their home in Anderson, Ind., Tuesday afternoon.

W. T. Meyer, of Philadelphia, who has been spending the summer with his family at Aaronsburg, arrived in Bellefonte Monday afternoon to see his old friends in this place.

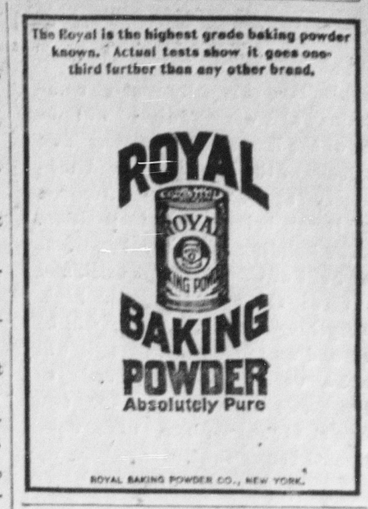
Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Oberndorf, who have been spending the last three weeks in Bellefonte as the guests of Mr. Samuel Lewins left for their home in Baltimore Tuesday morning.

Mrs. B. C. Kessler and daughter Ella and Miss Ethel Shock, of Selinsgrove, who had been pleasantly entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs J. M. Keichline, departed on Thursday morning for their home.

*M*iss Myra Holliday has returned home after an extended visit to Philadelphia, Darbey and Atlantic City. She had expected to be absent all summer but the serious illness of her grandmother Wagner caused her to return.

Miss Margaret Sechler, of Linn street, returned to Baltimore last week to continue her course in John Hopkins University hospital, where she has already spent thirteen months preparing herself to be a trained nurse. This vacation of three weeks which she has just enjoyed is the first she has had since entering the hospital.

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.



H.C. Valentine returned home Wednesday morning from a pleasant trip to Pittsburg.

Wm. Burnsides returned home Wednesday morning from a business trip to Pittsburg.

Rev. H. C. Holloway, of this place, is transacting business in Philadelphia this week.

C. P. Long, one of Spring Mills' enterprising merchants, transacted business in town Wednesday.

Miss Jesse La Port, one of Philipsburg's fair daughters, is visiting Miss Mame Hamilton, of this place.

Miss Tessie Peters, of Philadelphia, is a pleasant visitor at the home of Mr. Cheney Hicklen, in this place,

Dr. John Sebring, of this place, spent Sunday with his uncle, J. W. Ferguson, of Clintondale.

Professor L. S. Davis of Altoona is spending the week with friends in this place.

Mrs. *H*arry Parker, of Williamsport, is visiting at the home of Hon. James Schofield, of this place. Her many friends will remember her as Miss Elsie *H*erkimer.

Mrs. Leonard Betts, of Canton, Ohio, who is visiting her brother, W. C. Cassidy, at their home on East Bishop street, took part in the song and response service in the Reformed church Sunday evening.

Rev. D. L. Jones, of this place, who holds the position of Chaplain of the 8th Regiment, stationed at Camp Alger, Va., arrived home Wednesday on a ten days' furlough. He gives it as his opinion that the regiment will be sent to Manila. He is in good health and spirits.

A DOG POISONER IN TOWN.

Eight Dogs Eat Poisoned Meat and Give up the Ghost.

Bellefonte has within her borders a dog poisoner whose dastardly work consists in laying around poisoned meat on the streets of our town for dogs to devour and die. The result of this fiend's work up to date is eleven dogs, some valuable and some not so valuable, who have turned up their toes and died.

A week ago last Friday the dogs of Col. Amos *M*ullen, Harry Yeager and John Bauer were poisoned. On Sunday eight more dogs succumbed in the same manner. They were owned by Messrs. W. R. Cronister, Will Garman, W. R. Jenkins, *M*art Garman, A. C. *M*ingle, Bruce *G*arbrick, H. C. Quigley and Dr. M. J. Locke.

The perpetrator of this crime is known and he will no doubt be brought to justice. People pay taxes for dogs and it is just as much a crime to poison a dog as a cow. The poisoner should be taught a lesson that he won't forget soon.

Death of Jacob Rapp.

For some time past Jacob Rapp, of this place had been suffering from a cancerous growth on the kidneys. On Monday he was taken to an hospital in Philadelphia to have an operation performed in the hope that it might save his life. Such was not to be the case however. The operation was performed but it was to late to save the patients life and he passed away sometime Wednesday morning.

The deceased was 49 years old leaves a wife and four children. The children are Charles, of Philadelphia; Mrs. Elmer Yeager, of Altoona; Regina and Ruth of this place.

Mr. Rapp was a locomotive engineer and was in the employ of the Bellefonte Central railroad. He was a devoted member of the St. John's Catholic church, an honest and industrious man and will be greatly missed in the community.

—The Illuminated Bicycle parade which was to have been held in Lock Haven Thursday night, has been postponed until Tuesday Aug. 16.

—The Epworth League will hold a sociable in the lecture room at the Methodist church, Thursday evening, commencing at 7.30. All are cordially invited to attend.